

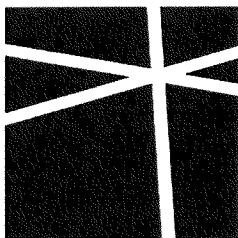
REVISED STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS FOR:

# KONERU RESIDENCE

6610 E MERCER WAY  
MERCER ISLAND, WA

ARCHITECT: MCCULLOUGH ARCH

MAY 5, 2022



**MALSAM  
TSANG**  
STRUCTURAL  
ENGINEERING

# DESIGN CRITERIA IBC 2018

## DEAD LOADS

FLAT ROOF		FLOOR		MISC. LOADS	
Rigid Insulation	2 psf	1-1/8" Gyp+1/4" tile	18 psf	16 gage roof steel deck w/ 2" ave. pea gravel	28 psf
3/4" Plywood	2.4 psf	w/ hydro. tubing	-	(where; washed pea gravel=9.5 psf per inch thk)	-
TJI @ 24" o.c.	1.5 psf	1 1/8" Plywood	3.6 psf	3/4" Stucco (lath & plaster) wall fin.	8 psf
Gyp Board (5/8")	2.8 psf	Truss @ 16" o.c.	4.0 psf	Wood slat arch'l wall feature	5 psf
MEP	1.5 psf	Gyp Board (5/8")	2.8 psf		
Solar panel	8.0 psf	MEP	1.5 psf		
(where occurs)	-				
<b>Total 18.2 psf</b>		<b>Total 29.9 psf</b>			
Use 20.0 psf (Typ. roof)		Use 30.0 psf			
Use 30.0 psf (w/pea gravel)					

## LIVE LOADS/OCCUPANCY

Risk Category	II	ROOF LIVE	FLOOR LIVE	DECK LIVE
Roof Deck	No	Snow = 25 psf	Occupancy = 40 psf	Occupancy = 60 psf
Common Access	No		Stair/Corridor = 40 psf	

## SEISMIC CRITERIA ASCE 7-16 Ch. 11 & Ch. 12

Imp. Factor = 1.00      Seismic Ht, hn = 28 ft  
 Site Class = E      T, Building = 0.24  
 R Value = 6.5      Ts = 0.63

Geo. Ground Hazard?      **No w/ASCE 11.4.8 Excep's**  
 S<sub>s</sub> = 1.45      F<sub>a</sub> = 1.200      Table 11.4-1  
 S<sub>1</sub> = 0.5      F<sub>v</sub> = 1.850      Table 11.4-2  
 S<sub>ms</sub> = 1.740      x 2/3 = S<sub>ds</sub> = 1.059      Eqn. 11.4-3  
 S<sub>m1</sub> = 0.925      x 2/3 = S<sub>d1</sub> = 0.567      Eqn. 11.4-4

**C<sub>SULT</sub> = 0.163**      ASCE 7 12.8, ELF, procedure used.  
**C<sub>SALL</sub> = 0.114**      ASCE 7 12.9, MRSA, procedure not used.  
 T/Ts = 0.385 ≤ 1  
 Okay, Cs Eqn. 12.8-2

## SEISMIC WEIGHT ASCE 7-16 12.7.2

Partitions = 15 psf  
 \*Roof weight = 1/2 Partition + Roof DL  
 \*Floor weight = Full Partition + Floor DL  
 FLAT ROOF 26.0 psf      ROOF=37.0 psf (w/ gravel)  
 FLOOR 45.0 psf

## SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY IBC 1613.2.5

Seismic DC = D

## WIND CRITERIA ASCE 7-16 Ch. 27 Directional Procedure

V = 110 mph      K<sub>d</sub> = 0.85  
 Exposure = C      G = 0.85  
 h = 28 ft      K<sub>zt</sub> = 1.00

Roof Slope = FLAT : 12 = 0°

## PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS (C<sub>p</sub>)

Windward Wall = 0.8      Windward Roof = N/A  
 Leeward Wall = -0.5      Leeward Roof = N/A

PRESSURE (PSF) q = 0.00256K <sub>z</sub> K <sub>zt</sub> K <sub>d</sub> V <sup>2</sup>								
Ht	K <sub>z</sub>	q <sub>z</sub>	0.6xq <sub>z</sub> <sup>1</sup>	q <sub>h</sub>	P <sub>WW</sub>	P <sub>LW</sub>	P <sub>WALL</sub>	P <sub>ROOF</sub>
0-15	0.85	22.4	13.4		9.1	6.6	15.7	
15-20	0.90	23.7	14.2		9.7	6.6	16.2	
20-25	0.94	24.7	14.8		10.1	6.6	16.7	
25-30	0.98	25.8	15.5	15.5	10.5	6.6	17.1	N/A
30-35	1.02	26.9	16.1		11.0	6.6	17.5	
35-40	1.04	27.4	16.4		11.2	6.6	17.8	
40-45	1.07	28.2	16.9		11.5	6.6	18.1	
45-50	1.09	28.7	17.2		11.7	6.6	18.3	

<sup>1</sup> Per IBC 2018 1605.3.1 Basic Load Combinations



122 South Jackson  
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 Seattle, WA 98104  
 t 206.789.6038  
 f 206.789.6042

KONERU RESIDENCE  
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 MERCER ISLAND, WA

10/22/2021  
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 0426-2021-03-01  
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 Design  
 DC1  
 Sheet

# COMPONENTS & CLADDING

ASCE 7-16 CHAPTER 30

## WIND CRITERIA FROM DC1

V = 110 mph       $K_d = 0.85$   
 Exposure = C       $K_{zt} = 1.00$   
 h = 28 ft

Roof Slope = FLAT : 12 = 0°

Bldg Type = Enclosed Building

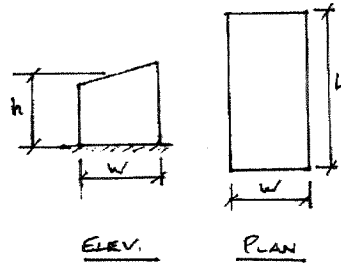
$GC_{pi} = 0.18$  Table 26.11-1

$K_h = 0.968$  Table 30.3-1

$q_h = 25.5$  Eqn 30.3-1

$0.6 \times q_h = 15.3$  Per IBC 2018 Basic Load Combinations

## BUILDING GEOMETRY



W = 63 ft  
 L = 132 ft  
 h = 28 ft

a = 6.3 ft

### USE PART 1 FOR h < 60'

### PART 1: h < 60'

### CHAPTER 30.4

### MONOSLOPE ROOF $3\alpha < Q < 10\alpha$

#### ROOF PRESSURES

ZONE	$GC_{p(+)}$	$GC_{p(-)}$	$0.6p(+)$	$0.6p(-)$
1	0.3	-1.1	7.3	-19.6
2	0.3	-1.3	7.3	-22.6
2'	0.3	-1.6	7.3	-27.2
3	0.3	-1.8	7.3	-30.3
3'	0.3	-2.6	7.3	-42.5

#### WALL PRESSURES

ZONE	$GC_{p(+)}$	$GC_{p(-)}$	$0.6p(+)$	$0.6p(-)$
4	0.9	-0.99	16.5	-17.9
5	0.9	-1.26	16.5	-22.0

Note: When  $\theta < 10^\circ$ ,  $GC_{p}$  values are reduced by 10% per Figure 30.4-1 Note 5

### CHAPTER 30.9 - PARAPETS

Note: parapet values assume parapet is at roof level

LOAD CASE A:  $0.6p = 39.2$

LOAD CASE B:  $0.6p = 34.4$

USE:  $0.6p = 39.2$



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DC1 - 1

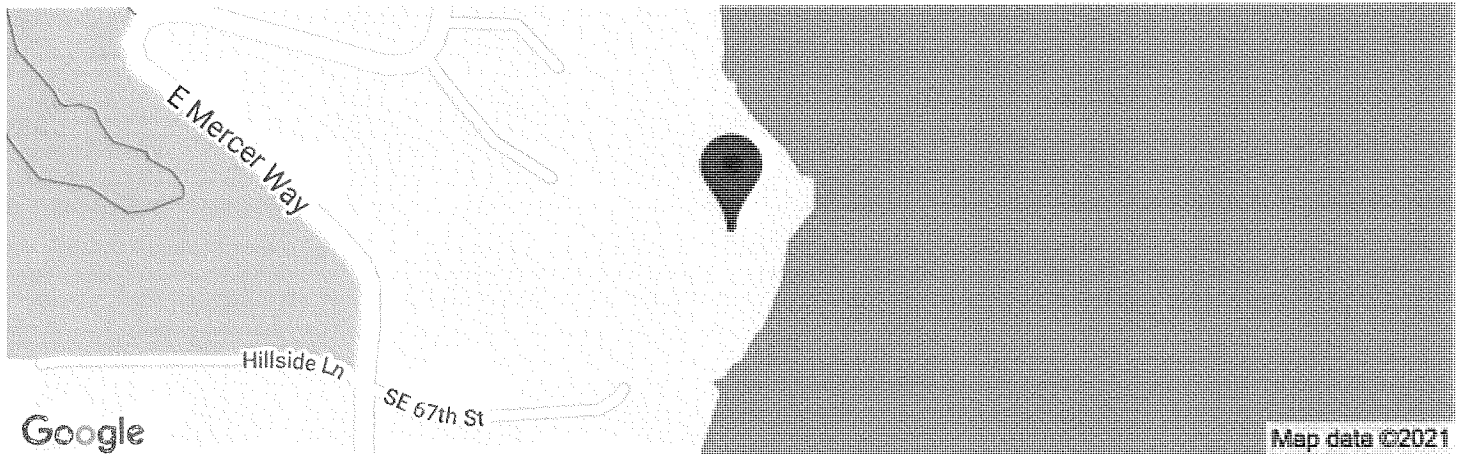
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# Koneru Residence

6610 E Mercer Way, Mercer Island, WA 98040, USA

Latitude, Longitude: 47.5437445, -122.2093429



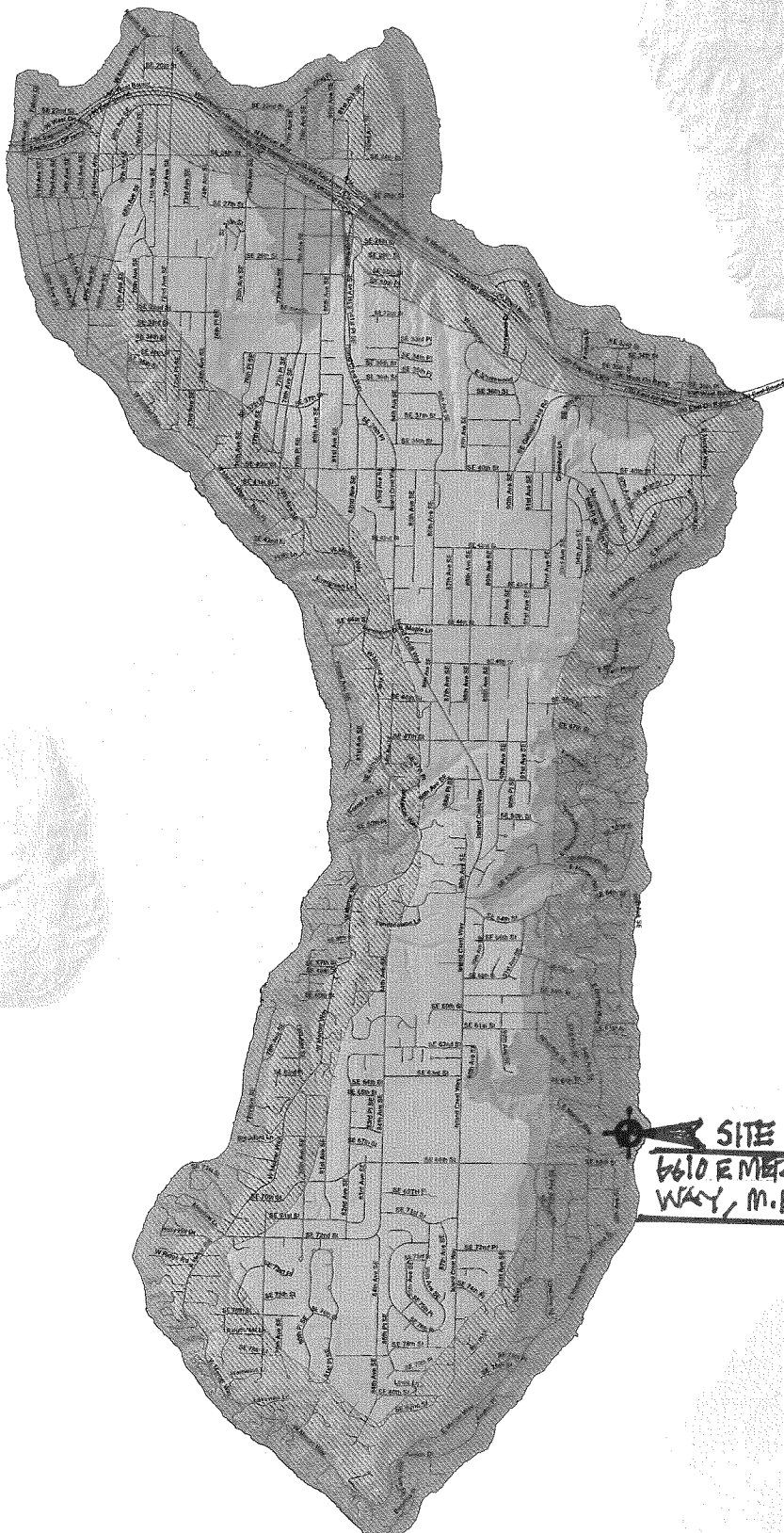
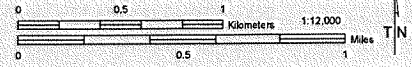
<b>Date</b>	10/21/2021, 2:09:01 PM
<b>Design Code Reference Document</b>	ASCE7-16
<b>Risk Category</b>	II
<b>Site Class</b>	E - Soft Clay Soil

Type	Value	Description
S <sub>S</sub>	1.448	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion. (for 0.2 second period)
S <sub>1</sub>	0.501	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion. (for 1.0s period)
S <sub>MS</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S <sub>M1</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S <sub>DS</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA
S <sub>D1</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0 second SA

Type	Value	Description
SDC	null -See Section 11.4.8	Seismic design category
F <sub>a</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site amplification factor at 0.2 second
F <sub>v</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site amplification factor at 1.0 second
PGA	0.62	MCE <sub>G</sub> peak ground acceleration
F <sub>PGA</sub>	1.1	Site amplification factor at PGA
PGA <sub>M</sub>	0.682	Site modified peak ground acceleration
T <sub>L</sub>	6	Long-period transition period in seconds
S <sub>sRT</sub>	1.448	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (0.2 second)
S <sub>sUH</sub>	1.606	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration
S <sub>sD</sub>	4.294	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (0.2 second)
S <sub>1RT</sub>	0.501	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (1.0 second)
S <sub>1UH</sub>	0.558	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration.
S <sub>1D</sub>	1.643	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (1.0 second)
PGA <sub>d</sub>	1.425	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (Peak Ground Acceleration)
C <sub>RS</sub>	0.902	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at short periods
C <sub>R1</sub>	0.899	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at a period of 1 s

# Mercer Island Wind Exposure and Wind Speed-Up (Topographic Effect)

by Development Services Group (DSG), City of Mercer Island  
April 2009



## WIND EXPOSURE CATEGORIES & WIND SPEED-UP FACTORS (ICC Section 1609 & ASCE 7-05 Chapter 6)

It is the responsibility of the Owner (or their Design Professional) to review site conditions and determine the Kzt factor to be utilized for each specific project. The Kzt factors and wind exposure categories indicated on this map are the minimum values accepted by the City of Mercer Island without requiring the design professional to submit additional calculations and supporting topographic documentation (to verify the values utilized in their wind load determination).

Please note – The Kzt values indicated on this map are approximations based upon periodic calculations of representative samplings around Mercer Island. These values are intended for City of Mercer Island's plan review purposes only.

### WIND EXPOSURE CATEGORIES:

WIND Exposure Category		Exposure 'C' (1500 feet from Lake)
		Exposure 'B' (all other areas)

### WIND SPEED-UP (TOPOGRAPHIC EFFECT) - Kzt Factor:

Kzt Factor		Kzt = 1.0
		Kzt = 1.3
		Kzt = 1.6
		Kzt = 1.9

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WIND EXPOSURE AND WIND SPEED-UP MAP

The map is the Wind Exposure Category and Wind Speed-up (Topographic Effects) Map for the City of Mercer Island. The map shows the minimum wind exposure category and the minimum wind speed-up, 'Kzt' factor, which will be accepted without site specific documentation and calculation.

Other wind speed phenomena may occur on Mercer Island that is not specifically identified on this map. It is the responsibility of the Owner (or their Design Professional) to review site conditions and determine the appropriate design wind speed and exposure category for their specific project and location.

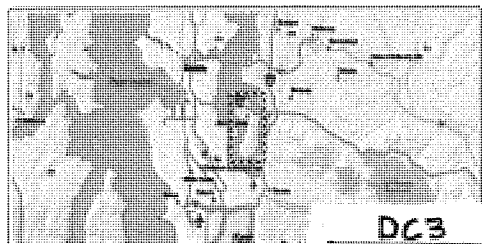
The map is for the sole use of the staff of the City of Mercer Island's Development Services Group (DSG) for the purposes of permit application evaluation. This map provides DSG staff a general assessment of Wind Exposure Category and Wind Speed-up (Topographic Effects). All areas have not been specifically evaluated and there may be locations that are not correctly represented on this map. It is the responsibility of individual property owners and map users to evaluate risk associated with their proposed development. No site-specific assessment of risk is implied or otherwise indicated by the City of Mercer Island with this map.

Information about data used for the map, references, and data limitation are all described the associated 'Read Me' document. The digital version of this map is accompanied by a meta data file containing pertinent information about map construction. This data map is available on the City of Mercer Island website.

The City of Mercer Island is using guidance provided within ICC Section 1609 & ASCE 7-05 Chapter 6 regarding definitions used when creating this map.

### DEFINITIONS:

- Kzt factor** The topographic effect of wind speed-up at isolated hills, ridges, and escarpments constituting abrupt changes in the general topography, located in any exposure category, that meet all of the conditions noted in ASCE 7-05 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, Section 6.5.7.
- Exposure B** The wind exposure category that applies where the site in question is located a minimum of 1500 feet from the shoreline and the mean roof height is less than or equal to 30 feet per IRC 2006 section 1609.4.3.
- Exposure C** The wind exposure category that applies where the site in question is located within 1500 feet from the shoreline per IRC 2006 section 1609.4.3.
- Wind Speed** Minimum 65 mph 3-second gust per IRC Figure R301.2(4)



DCB

# LATERAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN:

## WIND ANALYSIS: - BOTH DIRECTIONS

LEVEL	TRIB. HT (FT)	$V_{WIND, ALLOW} = FULL WIND (RF)$	$V_{WIND, ALLOW} = X/INDUSTR (PLF)$
ROOF DIAP.	$2.75 + 1 + 10/2$ $= 8.75'$	$= 17.1 * 2.75 + 16.7 * 5 + 16.2 * 1$ $= 146.7 \text{ #/ft}$	$= 12.5 * 2.75 + 10.1 * 5 + 9.7 * 1 = 89.0 \text{ #/ft}$
UPPER FLR DIAP.	$10/2 + 2 + 12/2$ $= 13.0'$	$= 16.2 * 4 + 15.7 * 9 = 206.1 \text{ #/ft}$	$= 9.7 * 4 + 9.1 * 9 = 120.7 \text{ #/ft}$

## SEISMIC ANALYSIS:

LEVEL	AREA (sq ft)	WT. (K)	HT (FT)	$W_i H_i$ (K-FT)	DISTRIB.	EL. L. R. (ALLOW.) DIAP. DES. FORCE (K)
ROOF DIAP.	$5580 * 26 \text{ PSF} +$ $1250 * 18.5 \text{ PSF}$	168.0K	22	3695	0.55	26.00 ✓
UPPER FLOOR & LOWER ROOF DIAP.	$4385 * 45 \text{ PSF} +$ $760 * 37 \text{ PSF} +$ $515 * 38 \text{ PSF} +$ $140 * 15 +$ $100 * (12/2 + 2) * 8$	250.0K $\Sigma W_i = 418.0K$	12	3000 $\Sigma = 6695$	0.45	21.50

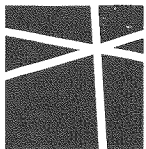
$$V_{S, ULT} = 0.163 (418.0) = 68.0$$

$$V_{S, ALLOW} = 0.114 (418.0) = 47.5$$

ASCE 12.10.1;  
INERTIAL DIAP. DES. FORCE

(ENR. 12-10.2)  
 $F_x = 0.2 SPS I_e * W_p x$  — (ULT.)  
 $= 0.2 * 1.059 * 1.0 * W_p x / 1.4$   
 $F_x \approx 0.15 W_p x$  — (ALLOW.)

ROOF DIAP.	25.35K	-N/C
UPPER FLOOR & LOWER R.F. DIAP.	✓ 27.75K	> 21.50



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KONERU RES.

PROJECT

DATE

10/22/24

PROJECT NO

0426-2021-03

DESIGN

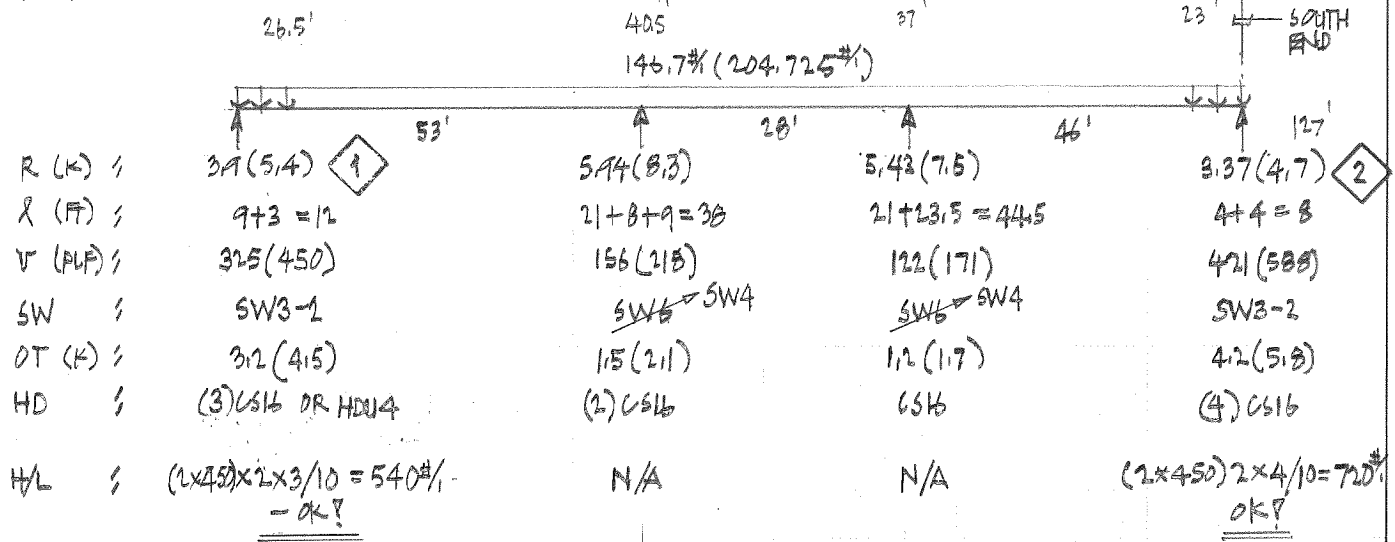
JCM

SHEET

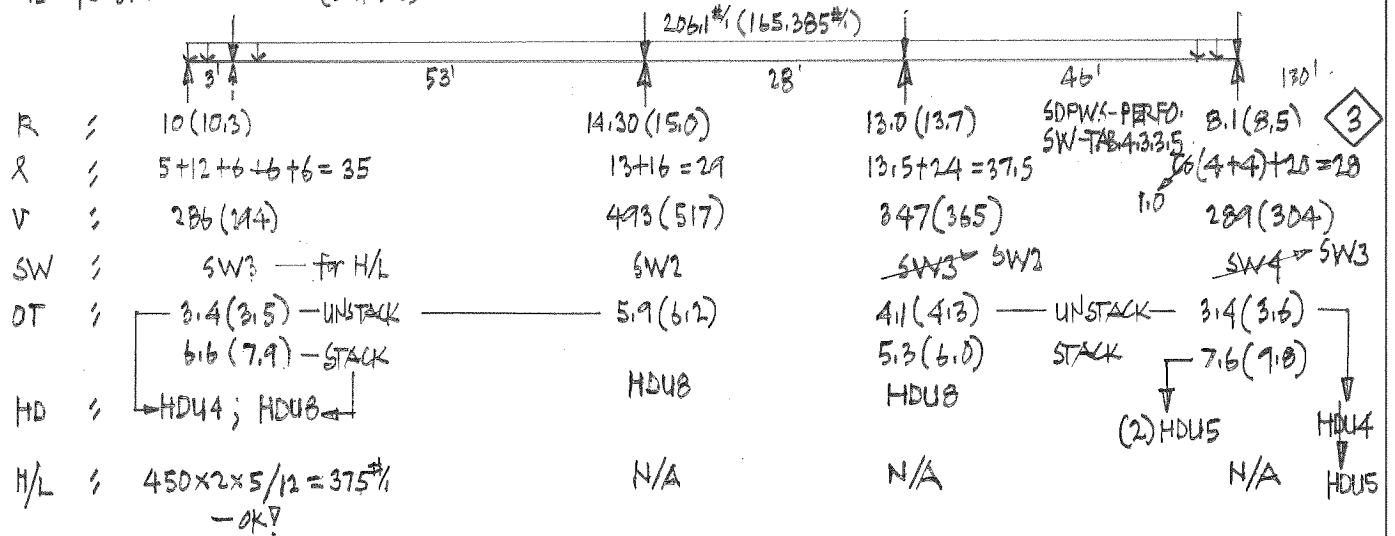
1-1

LATERAL DESIGN / EAST-WEST EXPOS. / SEISMIC LOAD IN PARENTHESIS!

UPPER FLR. RF. DIAP. / UPPER FLR. SW /  
 $\mu = 1.0$  (SHT. AB)



UPPER FLR. DIAP. / MAIN FLR. SW /  
 $\mu = 1.2$  - UNO (SHT. AB)



# - REDUNDANCY FACTOR, P CHECKS

1 - WORST CASE:

$\frac{5.4 \times 1/2}{(5.4 + 8.3)} \times 100 = 20\% \ll 33\%$  - PER C12.3.4.2

2  $\frac{4.7 \times 1/2}{(7.6 + 4.7)} \times 100 = 18\% \ll 33\%$   
 $\mu = 1.0$  ALL CASES!



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 10/24/24

DATE

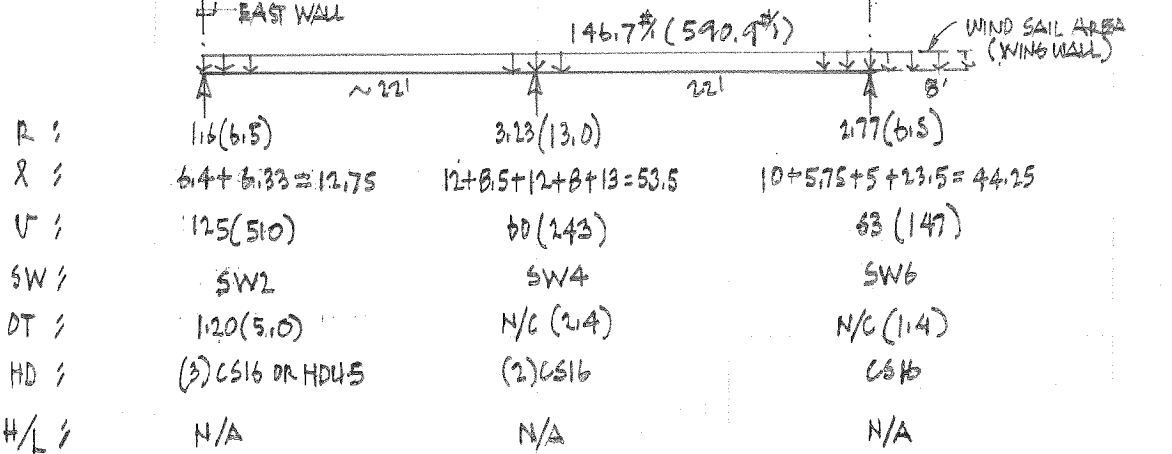
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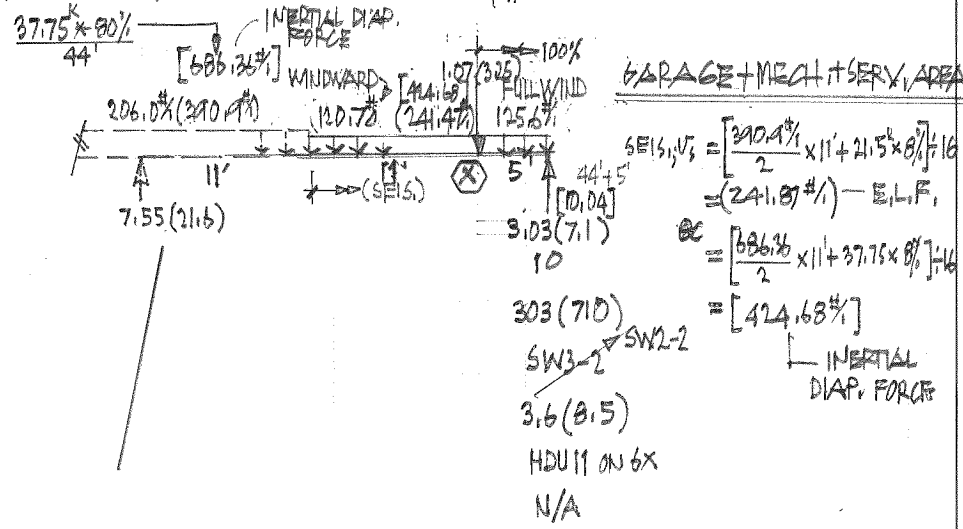
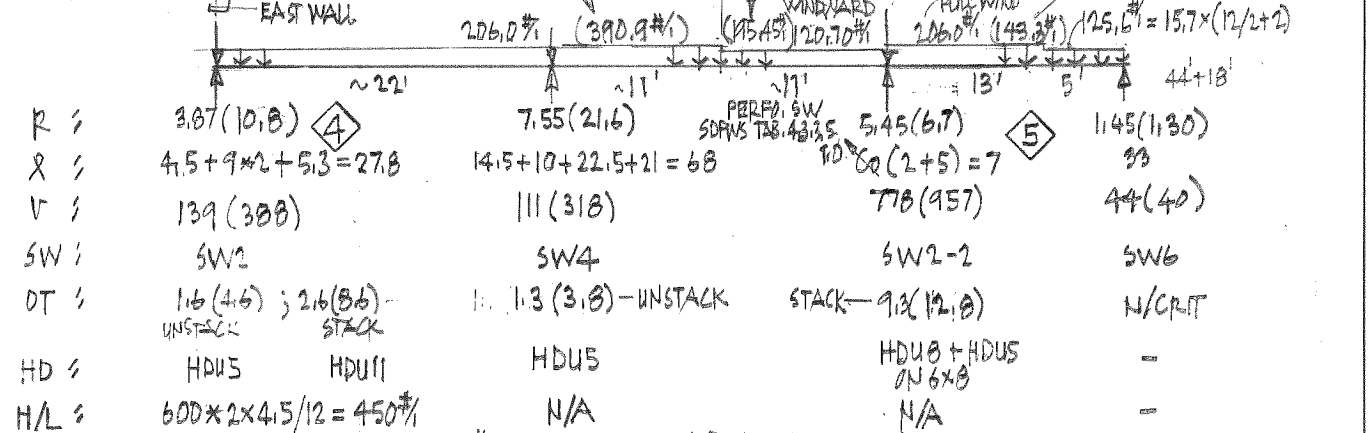
L-2  
 SHEET

LATERAL DESIGN ; NORTH-SOUTH EXPO. ;

UPPER FLR. RF DIAP./UPPER SW ;  
 PE = 10' (SHT. A8)



UPPER FLR. DIAP./MAIN FLR. SW ;  
 PE = 12' (SHT A6)



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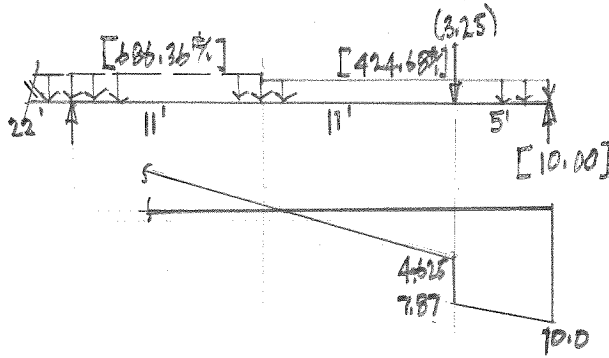
DESIGN

L-3

SHEET



⊗ - DIAP. CHK. DUE TO VERT. | RREG. / SW OFFSET ;



$V_{DIAP} \approx 7.8 \text{ k} / 54' \times 25\%$   
 $= 181\% < 230\% - \text{UNBLOCKED CASE - I - OK}$

⊕ - REDUNDANCY FACTOR,  $\rho$  CHECK - CONT ;

$\diamond 4 = \frac{10.8/4}{10.8 + 21.6 + 6.7 + 11.3} \times 100 = 7.0\% < 33\% \quad \text{ASCE 7-16 PER C12.3, 4.2}$

$\diamond 5 = \frac{6.7/2}{10.8 + 21.6 + 6.7 + 11.3} \times 100 = 8.3\% < 33\%$

$\rho = 1.0$  ALL CASES !



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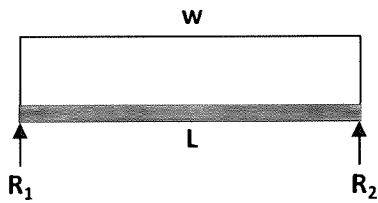
L-4

SHEET

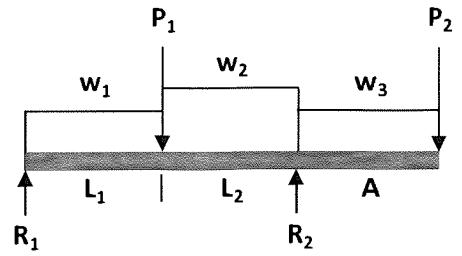
# TYPICAL BEAM CASES

\*ASSUME CASE 1 FOR ALL BEAMS U.N.O.

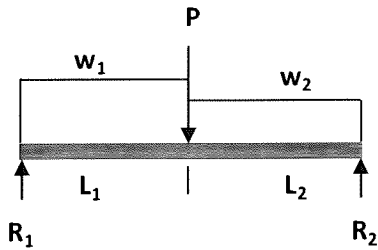
CASE #1: (C1)



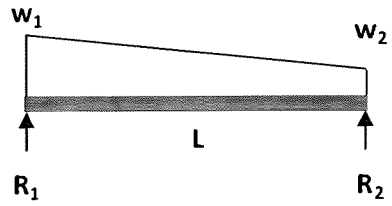
CASE #5: (C5)



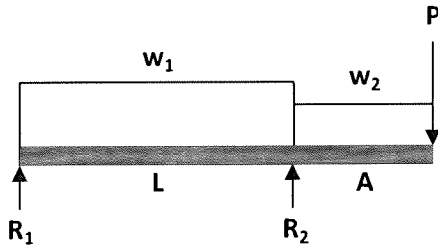
CASE #2: (C2)



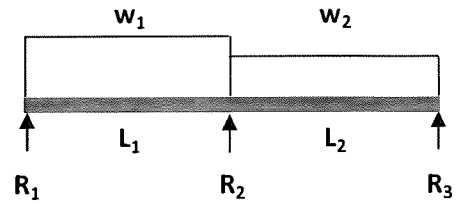
CASE #6: (C6)



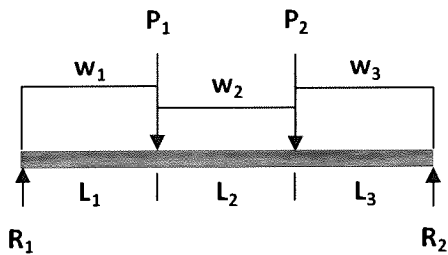
CASE #3: (C3)



CASE #7: (C7)



CASE #4: (C4)



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VERTICAL DESIGN

ROOF FRAMING - #200's

# 201 - 11/8" TJ - 360' 0.74" OC

DL = 20 PSF; SNOW = 25 PSF  
SEE FORTE-NEB OUTPUT - 014

# 202 - UPSET RF BEAM O/BDM OI SLIDING EAST WALL

$W_1 = (20+25) 20.5/2 = 0.465$  (0-3)  
 $R = 20$  ;  $A = 1.5$  ;  $P \approx 0$

$R_1 = 4.62$

$R_2 = 5.40$

$M = 23.0$

$FV = 66$

$Fb = 1.18$

$\Delta TL_{SPAN} = 0.45" \sim R/531$  - OK  $\nabla$  6L 5/2x15

# 203 A/B - RB2 RIM @ EAST WALL

$W = 45 \text{ PSF} \times 1.5/2 + 10 \text{ PSF} = 45 \text{ PSF}$

$R = 22.5'$

$R = 0.51$

$M = 2.85$

$FV = 17$

$Fb = 0.415$

$\Delta TL = 0.34" \sim R/787$  - OK  $\nabla$

# 204 A/B - RB2 SKYLT BM. O/TUB

$W = (20+25) 3/2 = 180$

$R = 19$

$R = 1.71$

$M = 8.11$

$FV = 55$  ;  $\Delta TL = 0.69" \sim R/327$

$Fb = 1.18$  - OK  $\nabla$

# 205 - RIM/BM @ BATH-1 EAST WALL

$W = 0.465$  (SIM. #202) ;  $R_{MAX} = 12.5$

$R = 2.9$

$M = 9.10$

$FV = 73$  ;  $\Delta TL = 0.36" \sim R/416$

$Fb = 1.317$  - OK  $\nabla$  6L/PSL 5/4 x 9/2

# 206 - RB2 DROPPED BM. O/BDM-1 HALLWAY

$W = (20+25) 4 1/2 = 0.925$

$R_{MAX} = 9'$

$R = 4.12$

$M = 9.4$

$FV = 117$

$Fb = 1.37$

$\Delta TL = 0.155" \sim R/695$  - OK  $\nabla$

# 207 - TOP FLUSH RIM/BM. @ POOL & WEST WALL

$W = (20+25) (2 1/2 + 1) = 540$  ;  $R_{MAX} = 8.5'$

$R = 2.3$  ;  $M = 4.9$

$FV = 54$  ;  $Fb = 0.707$

$\Delta TL = 0.089" \sim R/1138$  - OK  $\nabla$  RB2

# 208 - BOT. FLUSH BM. SUPP. INVERTED TRUSS

CHK. FOR DL+S LOAD COMBI.

$W = (20+25) 2 1/2 = 700 \text{ PSF}$  ;  $R_{MAX} = 28.5'$

$R = 10$  ;  $M = 71.0$

$FV = 84$

$Fb = 1.27$

$\Delta TL = 0.639" \sim R/534$  - 6L 5/2 x 27 24F-V4

RECHK FOR DEFL. ; DL+LL FROM ROOF & STAIR LOADS (C-4)

$R_1 = 6.5$  ;  $R_2 = 15.5$  ;  $R_3 = 6$

$P_1 = 1.45$  ;  $P_2 = 1.05$

$W_1 = 820$  ;  $W_2 = 660$  ;  $W_3 = 1060$

$R_1 = 10.6$  ;  $R_2 = 12.5$  ;  $M = 75.75$

$FV = 102$  ;  $\Delta TL = 0.67" \sim R/501$  - OK  $\nabla$

$Fb = 1.36$  - 6L 5/2 x 27 24F-V4

# 209 - N/S ROOF BM. O/ BRIDGE

CHK. FOR DL+S LOAD COMBI.

$W = (20+25) 4 1/2 = 0.925$  ;  $R = 28.5$

$R = 13.2$  ;  $M = 93.9$

$FV = 99$  ;  $Fb = 1.37$

$\Delta TL = 0.616" \sim R/555$  - OK  $\nabla$  6L 5/2 x 30

CHK FOR DEFL. PER IBC 16-11 LOAD COMBI. (C-4)

$R_1 = 6.5$  ;  $R_2 = 15.5$  ;  $R_3 = 6$  -  $P_1 = 2.8$  ;  $P_2 = 2.08$

$W_1 = 40 \times 4 1/2 = 820$  ;  $W_2 = 40 \times 3 3/4 = 520$  ;  $W_3 = 720 + 40 \times 1 1/2 = 1100$

$R_1 = 12.0$  ;  $R_2 = 12.9$  ;  $M = 74.16$

$\Delta TL = 0.784" \sim R/428$  >>  $R/240$  - OK  $\nabla$  6L 6 3/4 x 24

USE 3 3/4 x 24



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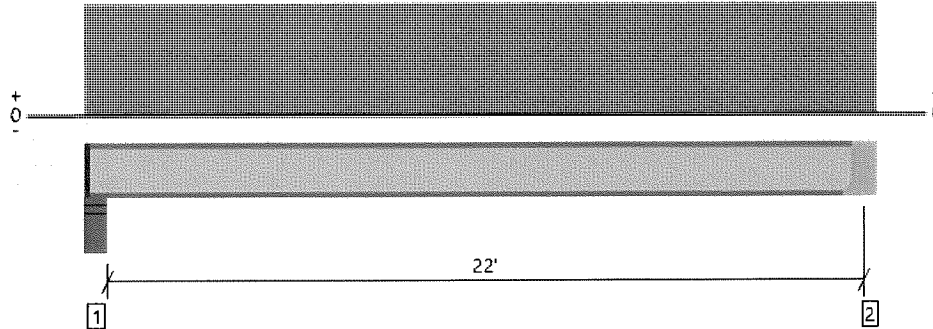
DESIGN

V-2A

SHEET

Roof, #201 - Roof Rafters  
**1 piece(s) 11 7/8" TJI@ 360 @ 24" OC**

Overall Length: 22' 9"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	994 @ 22' 5 1/2"	1242 (1.75")	Passed (80%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	994 @ 22' 5 1/2"	1961	Passed (51%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	5486 @ 11' 5"	7107	Passed (77%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.693 @ 11' 5"	1.104	Passed (L/382)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	1.248 @ 11' 5"	1.472	Passed (L/212)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Roof  
 Member Type : Joist  
 Building Use : Residential  
 Building Code : IBC 2018  
 Design Methodology : ASD  
 Member Pitch : 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/240) and TL (L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	457	571	1028	1 1/4" Rim Board
2 - Hanger on 11 7/8" LSL beam	3.50"	Hanger <sup>1</sup>	1.75" / - <sup>2</sup>	453	567	1020	See note <sup>1</sup>

- Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.
- At hanger supports, the Total Bearing dimension is equal to the width of the material that is supporting the hanger
- <sup>1</sup> See Connector grid below for additional information and/or requirements.
- <sup>2</sup> Required Bearing Length / Required Bearing Length with Web Stiffeners

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	3' 10" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	22' 4" o/c	

- TJI joists are only analyzed using Maximum Allowable bracing solutions.
- Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Connector: Simpson Strong-Tie						
Support	Model	Seat Length	Top Fasteners	Face Fasteners	Member Fasteners	Accessories
2 - Face Mount Hanger	IUS2.37/11.88	2.00"	N/A	10-10dx1.5	2-Strong-Grip	

- Refer to manufacturer notes and instructions for proper installation and use of all connectors.

Vertical Load	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 22' 9"	24"	20.0	25.0	Default Load

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 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by ForteWEB Software Operator

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ROOF FRMS \ CONT. :

# 210 - FLUSH BEAM LN/OUTDOOR PORCH!

$w = (20+25)20/2 = 0.45$   
 $l = 28.5$   
 $R = 6.4$   
 $M = 45.7$   
 $f_v = 79$   
 $f_b = 1.57$   
 $\Delta L_{REL. END} = 1" \sim l/313 \gg l/240$   
OK? 6LB 5/2 X 19.5

# 211 - 6LB RES. RIM :

$N = \sim 45 \#/l ; l = 28.5'$   
 $R = 0.64$   
 $M = 4.6$   
 $f_v = 22$   
 $f_b = 0.67$   
 $\Delta L = 0.76" \sim l/450$  — OK?

# 212 - 2<sup>ND</sup> FLR RF. AWNING/VISOR BATTERS!

$w = (20+25)12/2 = 0.045 ; l = 13'$   
 $R = 0.30$   
 $M = 0.95$   
 $f_v = 42$   
 $f_b = 1.293$   
 $\Delta L = 0.596" \sim l/262$  — OK?  $LV = 1 3/4 \times 5 1/2$   
AT 12/06

# 213A/B - RF. AWNING HIGH RIM/BREAM!

$w = (25+20)13/2 = 0.295 ; l = 29$   
 $R = 4.278 ; M = 31.01 \times 12 =$   
CHK W12x30  $d = 12" ; bf = 6 1/2"$   
 $tw = 1/4 ; tf = 7/16"$   
 $I_x = 238 ; S_x = 38.6$   
 $\Delta L = 0.168" \sim l/512$  — OK?  $W12x30$   
 $S_{XREAD} = \frac{M}{F_y/I_b} = 12.43$  — USE W12x35

# 214 - HIGH STEEL BEAM/RIM SUPP. TRUSS END!

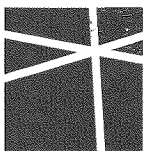
$w = (20+25)9/2 = 205 \#/l$   
 $l = 28.5$   
 $R = 2.92$   
 $M = 20.815 \times 12 = 250 \text{ K-11}$   
CHK. FOR W12x30!  $I_x = 238 ; S_x = 38.6$   
 $\Delta L = 0.44" \sim l/776$  — OK?  
 $S_{XREAD} = 8.34 \text{ IN}^3$  — OK? — USE W12x30  
USE W12x35

# 215A/B - CANT. STEEL DM. - HIGH ; (C-3)!

$l = 19.5 ; A = 13.0 ; P = R \# 213A/B = 4.28$   
 $N's \approx 0.05$   
 $R_1 = -2.58$   
 $R_2 = 8.50$   
 $M = -59.9 \times 12 =$   
CHK W12x35!  
 $I_x = 285 ; S_x = 45.6$   
DL+LR LOAD COMBIN. ;  $P = (20+20) \frac{13}{2} \times \frac{29}{2} = 3.77$   
 $\Delta L_{CANT. END} = 1.44" \sim \frac{2A}{216} > \frac{2A}{120}$  ; RECTAB. 16x13  
OK?  
LIVE ROOF COMBIN. ;  
 $P = 3.77/2 = 1.885$   
 $\Delta L_{CANT. END} = 0.72" \sim \frac{2A}{433} > \frac{2A}{180}$  — OK?

# 216A/B - STEEL BEAM HIGH ;

NOT SUPPORTING 6/BR6. LOAD  
USE W12x35 - TO MATCH #215!



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ROOF FRMG. CONT. :

# 217 A/B - RIM/BEAM O/ BDRM 6.01 & 02 EAST WALL :

$$W = (20+25)22/2 = 495\#$$

$$L_{MAX} = 15$$

$$R = 3.71$$

$$M = 13.92$$

$$FV = 100$$

$$FB = 2.11$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.683" \sim L/263 > L/240 \text{ --- PSL } 5/4 \times 9 \frac{1}{2} \text{ 2120E}$$

# 218 A/B - R22 FLUSH BM :

$$W = (20+25)5/2 = 115$$

$$L = 21$$

$$R = 1.20$$

$$M = 6.34$$

$$FV = 40$$

$$FB = 0.925$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.166" \sim L/379 \text{ --- OK}$$

# 219 - RIM/BM O/FITNESS S6D

$$W = (20+25)21/2 = 475$$

$$L = 8.5$$

$$R = 2.10$$

$$M = 4.3$$

$$FV = 47$$

$$FB = 0.622$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.108" \sim L/1293 \text{ --- 6LB } 5/2 \times 9 \text{ TOP FLUSH W/ TJI'S RAFTERS}$$

# 220 - 4x8 HDR C EXTR.

$$W = (20+25)345/2 = 775$$

$$L = 4$$

$$R = 1.55$$

$$M = 1.55$$

$$FV = 64$$

$$FB = 0.61 \text{ --- OK}$$

# 221 - 4x8 INTR BRG. HDR :

$$W = (20+25)41/2 = 925\#$$

$$L = 5$$

$$R = 2.13$$

$$M = 2.19$$

$$FV = 104$$

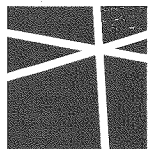
$$FB = 1.13 < 1.17 \times 1.15 \text{ --- OK}$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.073" \sim L/820$$

# 222 - 11 7/8" TJI-240 @ 24" OC RAFTERS :

$$DL = 20 \text{ PSF ; SNOW} = 25 \text{ PSF}$$

→ SEE FORTR-WEB OUTPUT



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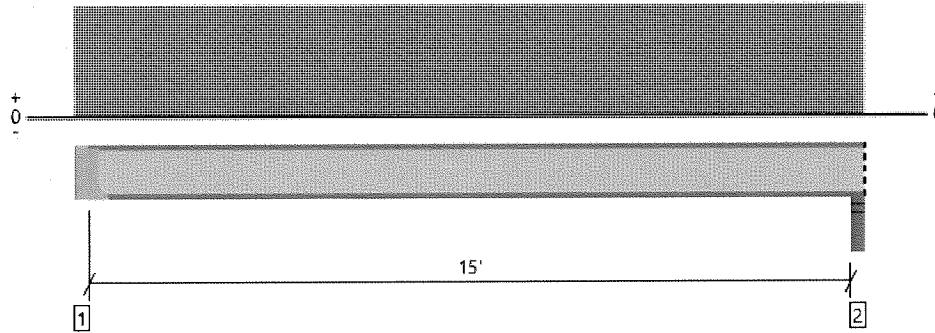
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SHEET

V-4A

Roof, #222 - Roof Rafters  
**1 piece(s) 11 7/8" TJI® 210 @ 24" OC**

Overall Length: 15' 7"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	679 @ 3 1/2"	1156 (1.75")	Passed (59%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	679 @ 3 1/2"	1903	Passed (36%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	2559 @ 7' 10"	4364	Passed (59%)	1.15	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.210 @ 7' 10"	0.754	Passed (L/860)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.379 @ 7' 10"	1.006	Passed (L/478)	--	1.0 D + 1.0 S (All Spans)

System : Roof  
 Member Type : Joist  
 Building Use : Residential  
 Building Code : IBC 2018  
 Design Methodology : ASD  
 Member Pitch : 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/240) and TL (L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)			Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Snow	Total	
1 - Hanger on 11 7/8" LSL beam	3.50"	Hanger <sup>1</sup>	1.75" / - <sup>2</sup>	313	392	705	See note <sup>1</sup>
2 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.75"	310	388	698	Blocking

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.
- At hanger supports, the Total Bearing dimension is equal to the width of the material that is supporting the hanger
- <sup>1</sup> See Connector grid below for additional information and/or requirements.
- <sup>2</sup> Required Bearing Length / Required Bearing Length with Web Stiffeners

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	4' 7" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	15' 4" o/c	

- TJI joists are only analyzed using Maximum Allowable bracing solutions.
- Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Connector: Simpson Strong-Tie							
Support	Model	Seat Length	Top Fasteners	Face Fasteners	Member Fasteners	Accessories	
1 - Face Mount Hanger	IUS2.06/11.88	2.00"	N/A	10-10dx1.5	2-Strong-Grip		

- Refer to manufacturer notes and instructions for proper installation and use of all connectors.

Vertical Load	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (P5F)	0 to 15' 7"	24"	20.0	25.0	Default Load

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 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by ForteWEB Software Operator

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UPPER FLOOR FRMS. ; #100's

24" PRE-CAST FLOOR TRUSSES @ 16' OC ;

DL = 30 PSF ; LL = 40 PSF

#101 - RIB RIM ;

$W = (30+25) \times 1' = 55$

$R_{MAX} = 21$

$R = 0.150$

$M = 3.03$

$FV = 38$

$Fb = 0.385$

$\Delta TL = 0.635" \sim L/396$  - OK?

#102 - GAR. HDR. ; - RB3

$W = (30+25) \times 0.2 = 0.122$

$L = 18.5$

$R = 2.035$

$M = 9.41$

$FV = 42$

$Fb = 0.874$

$\Delta TL = 0.419" \sim L/521$  - OK? RB3

#103A - GAR. HDR. ; RB2

$W = 0.122$

$L = 9.5$

$R = 1.85$

$M = 2.150$

$FV = 30$

$Fb = 0.362$

$\Delta TL = 0.053" \sim L/2140$  - OK?

#103B - 4x8 HDRS

$W = 0.122 ; L_{MAX} = 4'$

$R = 0.44$

$M = 0.44$

$FV = 18$

$Fb = 0.172$  - OK?

#104 - BM. SUPP. NO. SW. ABV. (TOP FLUSH W/ TJI PARTS)

$L_1 = 8.5 ; L_2 = 10$  (C-2)

$W_1 = (20+25) \times 1 + 15 \times 10 + (30+40) \times 1 = 265$

$W_2 = (30+25) \times 5/2 = 70 \#1$

$P = UWR \text{ PER AISI } ; UW = 3120$   
 $= 8.25$

Ω FACTOR PER AISC 2.4.5 EA-9

$R_1 = 6.38$

$U_{WS} = 4.5 \times 0.525 \times 1.4 \times 2.5 = 8.25$  - 90% OK?

$R_2 = 4.18$

$M = 44.68$

PER AISC 2.4.5

$FV = 110 < 290 \times 1.2$

$Fb = 3.26 < 2.9 \times 1.2 = 3.48$  - OK? RB4

RECHK BM. REACTIONS W/O UPLIFT FOR #106 ;

$P = 0 ; W_1 = 265 \#1 ; W_2 = 70 \#1$

$R_1 = 1.92 ; R_2 = 1.02$

L<sub>1</sub> TO #105 BM DEFL. CHK.

#105 - FLR. BM. ADJ. TO GAR. DOORS ; ~ (C-2) ;

$L_1 = 2 ; L_2 = 30 ; P = R_1 \text{ #105 W/ UPLIFT } = 6.38$  AND

$W_1 = (30+25) \times 5/2 = 1690$   $P = 1.92$  W/O UPLIFT - TO BE USED FOR DEFLECTION CHK.

$W_2 = 540 + 150 + 165 + 770 = 1625$

BM. DESIGN CONSIDERING UPLIFT ;

$R_1 = 30 ; R_2 = 26.34$

$M = 213.50$

$FV = 211 < 265 \times C_D$

$Fb = 2.53 < 2.4 \times C_V \times C_D = 2.8185$  - OK?

$\Delta TL = 1.44" \sim L/266$  (INCL. RE. SNOW + UPLIFT)

FOR GLB 6 3/4 x 30 2AF-V4

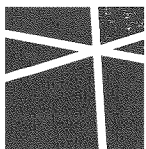
$C_V = 0.85$  AISC 2.4.5

$C_D = 1.2 \times 1.15$  SHAW = 1.38

RECHK DEFL. W/O UPLIFT ;  $P = 1.92k$

$\Delta TL$  (INCL. SNOW) =  $1.4" \sim L/272 > L/240$  - OK?

=  $1.0" \sim L/362$  (for GL 6 3/4 x 33)



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UPPER FLOOR FRMS. CONT. :

#106 - BL 6 3/4 X 15 0 / SERVICE & POWDER RMS. ;

$W = W_{\#105} = 1.625 \text{ K}$

$L = 11' \text{ MAX. SPAN}$

$R = 8.94$

$M = 24.6$

$F_V = 102$

$F_D = 1.165$

$\Delta L = 0.157'' \sim L/843$

USE BL 6 3/4 X 33  
(TO MATCH BM #105)

OK? BL 6 3/4 X 15 24F-14

#107 - MECH. OI HEADER ; (C-2) ;

$L_1 = 4.25 ; L_2 = 1.25 ; W_8 \approx 0$

$P_{TOT} = R_2 \#105 + 1.625 \times 5/2$   
 $= 26.34 + 4.06 = 30.40$

$R_1 = 6.90$

$R_2 = 23.5$

$M = 29.40$

$F_V = 373 < 290 (1.1/1.4) (1.2) = 432 \text{ -OK?}$

$F_D = 1.243$

NDS 242.1

ASCE 2.4.15  
DUE TO  $J_L$  FACTOR

PSL 5/4 X 10 HDR

#108 - RB3 DROPPED BEAM ;

$W = W_{\#221} + 10 \times 10' + (30+40) 3/2$   
 $= 925 + 100 + 1085 = 2110$

$L = 7.5$

$R = 7.9$

$M = 14.84$

$F_V = 134$

$F_D = 1.138$

$\Delta L = 0.108'' \sim L/828 \text{ -OK?}$

#109 - BEAM/RIM O/DIN. EAST S.I.D. ; (~C-2) ;

$L_1 = 20.5' ; L_2 = 3.5'$

$W_1 = (30+40) 19/2 + 15 \times 10 = 815$

$W_2 = (30+40) 10/2 + 150 + W_{\#202} = 465$

W/O UPLIFT ;

$P = R_{ADV} + R_{\#202} + R_{OT} = 4.62 + 3.13 = 7.75$

UPLIFT ;  $U_{WIND} = 1.0$

$U_{SEIS} = 4.0 \times 0.525 \times 2.5 \times 1.4 = 7.35$

LABORERS

#109 CONT. ; (C-2)

CHK. BM. W/O UPLIFT & DL+LL ONLY FOR DEF

WHERE ;  $W_1 = 815 ; W_2 = 465 ; P = 7.75$

$\Delta L_{INCL. SNOW} = 0.1225'' \sim L/2351 \text{ -OK?}$

CHK  $W 18 \times 19 ; F_Y = 50 ; S_b = 167$

$d = 19'' ; b_f = 11 1/4''$

$t_w = 5/8'' ; t_f = 1 1/16''$

$I_x = 2190 ; S_x = 231$

RECHK. BM. W/ UPLIFT FOR CAPACITY ;

$P_{TOT} = 7.75 + U_{SEIS} W / J_L = 7.35$   
 $= 15.1 \text{ K}$

$R_1 = 12.0$

$R_2 = 23.1 \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{UPLIFT} \\ \text{DOWNWARD} \end{matrix} ; \begin{matrix} \text{UPLIFT} \\ \text{UPWARD} \end{matrix} R_2 = 10.6 \text{ K}$

$M = 88.64 \text{ K} \cdot \text{ft} \times 12 = 1064$

$S_x \text{ REQD} = 26 \text{ IN}^3 \ll S_x \text{ PROVIDED} = 231 \text{ IN}^3 \text{ -OK?}$

#110 - BEAM O/ KITZ. S.I.S.D. ; (C-4) ;

$L_1 = 5.5 ; L_2 = 12 ; L_3 = 10$

$W_1 = W_{\#202} + 15 \times 10' + (30+25) 13/2 + (30+40) 10/2$   
 $= 465 + 150 + 355 + 350 = 1320 \text{ #1}$

$W_2 = W_3 = 150 + (30+25) 13/2 + (30+40) 19/2 = 1170 \text{ #1}$

W/O UPLIFT ;

$P_1 = R_{ADV} \#205 + R_{OT} ; P_2 = 0.465 \times \frac{24.5}{2} = 5.8$   
 $= 2.9 + 3.10 = 6.0$

W/ UPLIFT ;

SIM. TO #109

$U_W = 1.0 \text{ OR}$

$U_{SEIS} = 4.0 \times 0.525 \times 2.5 \times 1.4$   
 $= 7.35$

$P_{TOT} = 6 + 7.35 = 13.35$

CHK  $W 18 \times 19 ; F_Y = 50 ; S_b = 167$

$d = 19'' ; b = 11 1/4'' ; t_w = 5/8'' ; t_f = 1 1/16''$

$I_x = 2190 ; S_x = 231$

$\Delta L_{INCL. SNOW} = 0.33'' \sim L/991 \text{ -OK?}$

CHK BM. CAP. W/ UPLIFT ;  $P_{TOT} = 13.35 \text{ K}$

$R_1 = 29.0 ; R_2 = 22.0 ; M = 173.82 \times 12 = 2086 \text{ K} \cdot \text{ft}$

$S_x \text{ REQD} = 70 \text{ IN}^3 \ll S_x \text{ PROVIDED} = 231 \text{ -OK?}$

$P_{MAX \text{ FOR POST}} = R_2 \#109 + R_1 \#110 = 12.6 + 2.9 = 15.5 \text{ K}$



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0426-204-03  
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DESIGN

V-6  
SHEET

UPPER FLOOR FRMS / CONT. :

# 111 - BEAM/RIM O/ LIVING DOOR + W.D.S. :

$W = 15 \text{ PSF} \times 10' = 150 \text{ #/1}$  ;  $L = 28'$

TRYS (2) HSS 7X5X1/2 WELDED TOGETHER

$I_x \text{ EACH} = 60.6 \text{ IN}^4$  ;  $S_x = 17.3 \text{ IN}^3$

$W_{TR} = 35.11 \text{ #/1}$

$\Delta TL = 0.59 \text{ IN} \sim L/569$  - OK

EM INT. N/INCL PER 180 TAB. 1604.3 ; FOOTNOTE 'g'

$R_{MAX} = 3.1$

$M_{MAX} = 21.6 \text{ K-1}$  ;  $S_x \text{ REQD} = 8.3 \text{ IN}^3$  - N/CRT.

$E F_y = 46 \text{ KSI} - \text{CONS}$

# 112 - HSS 6X3X1/4 BRIDGE STS C 36" OC :

$W = \sim (40+30) 3' = 0.17$  ;  $L = 5'$

$M = 0.844 \times 12 = 10.13 \text{ K-1}$

HSS 6X3X1/4 :

$I_x = 17$  ;  $S_x = 5.66$

$F_y = 50$  ;  $\Omega_b = 1.67$

$S_x \text{ REQD} = 0.34$  - OK ? N/CRT.

# 113A/B STEEL BM FOR BRIDGE

$W = (40+30) 5/2 + 45 + 50 = 270 \text{ #/1}$

$L = 28'$  ;  $R = 3.8 \text{ K}$

CHK HSS 12X3 1/2 X 3/8 :

$I_x = 156$  ;  $S_x = 26$

$\Delta TL = 0.76 \text{ IN} \sim L/440$  >>  $L/240$  - OK ? (DLTL)

$M_{MAX} = 26.5 \text{ K-1}$  ;  $R = 3.18 \text{ K-1}$

$S_x \text{ REQD} = 11.55 < S_x \text{ FRM} = 26$  - OK ?

# 114 - STEEL RIM/BM & STAIRWELL WEST WAYS

$W_{DEFL} = 150 \text{ #/1}$  ;  $W_{DB} = 200 \text{ #/1}$  ;  $R_{MAX} = 11.5$

FLAT HSS 7X4X1/2 ;  $I_y = 20.7$  ;  $S_y = 10.4$

$\Delta TL = 0.131 \text{ IN} \sim L/1053$  >>  $L/360$  - OK ?

$R = 11.5$  ;  $R_{MAX} =$

$M_{MAX} = 3.31 \times 12 = 39.7 \text{ K-1}$  ;  $E F_y = 46 \text{ KSI} - \text{CONS}$

$S_y \text{ REQD} = 1.44 < S_y \text{ FRM} = 10.4$  - OK ?

SEE NEXT SHT. (V-7B) FOR OUT-OF-PLANE LOAD CHECK.

# 115 - RIM/BM O/ OFFICE EAST WALL : (C-4)

$L_1 = 7.5$  ;  $L_2 = 6.5$  ;  $L_3 = 2.5$

$W_1 = W_2 = 150 + (30+40) \sim 20/2 = 850$

$W_3 = W_{W12A} + 15 \times 10' + (30+40) \sim 20/2 = 495 + 150 + 70 = 715 \text{ #/1}$

W/O UPLIFT :

$R_1 = 495 \text{ #/1} \times \frac{2.5}{7.5} = 5.7$

$R_2 = 495 \times 7/2 = 1.73$

W/ UPLIFT :

$R_1 = 1.73 + \text{USE FRM. TO #110} = 7.35$

$R_2 = 1.73 + \text{USE FRM. W/ D2}$

$R_{TOT} = 9.10 \text{ K}$

CHK BM FOR DEF. W/O UPLIFT : (C-4)

$P_1 = 5.7$  ;  $P_2 = 1.73$

$\Delta TL = 0.326 \text{ IN} \sim L/606$

CHK BM FOR CAP. WITH UPLIFT : (C-4)

$P_1 = 5.7$  ;  $P_2 = 9.1$

$R_1 = 11.60$

$R_2 = 18.5$

$M = 63.0$

$F_v = 20.9$

$F_b = 1.87$  - OK ? GL 5/2 X 2.1 2AF-V4

BRG CAP. AT 2X BOT SUPP. 6X6 :

BRG. CAP. =  $0.1625 \times 5.5^2 = 18.9 \text{ K}$  - OK ?

# 116 - HM/BM O/ BDRM. 05 EAST WALL :

$W = 150 + (30+40) 21/2 + (20+15) \sim 1' = 930$

$L = 15.5$

$R = 7.2$

$M = 27.93$

$F_v = 7.2$

$F_b = 0.83$

$\Delta TL = 0.1158 \text{ IN} \sim L/1177$

OK ? GL 5/2 X 2.1 2AF-V4

# 117 - INTR BRG HDR O/ OFFICE DOOR :

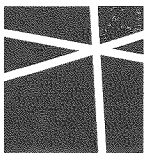
$W = (30+40) 21/2 + 120 = 855$  ;  $L = 3.5'$

$R = 1.5$

$M = 1.3$

$F_v = 6.8$

$F_b = 0.6$  - OK ? (2) 2X8 OR 4X8



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0426-2021-03

PROJECT NO

JCM

DESIGN

V-7A

SHEET

CHK WB X 21 COL. SUPPORTING BEAMS  
#110, #111, #128 AND GL RM/BM :

$$P_{TOT} = 17.43 + 22 + 2.11 + 0.015 \times 12 \times 17/2$$

$$= 43.56 \approx 44.0K$$

FOR WB X 21 ;  $d = 8\frac{1}{4}''$  ;  $b_f = 5\frac{1}{4}''$   
 $A = 6.16 \text{ in}^2$  ;  $t_w = \frac{1}{4}''$  ;  $t_f = \frac{3}{8}''$

$$I_x = 75.3 \text{ in}^4$$

$$I_y = 9.77 \text{ in}^4$$

$$r_y = \frac{1.26 \text{ in}}{\sqrt{12}} \leftarrow \text{GOVERNED}$$

$$P_n / \Omega_c = \frac{F_c \times A_g}{\Omega_c}$$

$$K \lambda / r = \frac{0.80 (12' \times 12')}{1.26 \text{ in}} = 91.42$$

$$IF; \frac{K \lambda}{r} \leq 47 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} =$$

$$91.42 \leq 113.43$$

THEN ;  $F_c = [0.658^{F_y / E}] F_y$  ;  $F_e = \frac{\pi^2 E}{(K \lambda / r)^2}$

$$F_c = 27.14 \text{ KSI}$$

WHERE ;  
 $F_e = \frac{\pi^2 E}{(K \lambda / r)^2}$   
 $= 34.24$

$$P_n / \Omega_c = \frac{F_c \times A_g}{\Omega_c}$$

$$= 100 \text{ KIPS} \gg 44.0 \text{ KIPS} \quad \text{OK?}$$

CONT. \ #114 - #55 7x4x1/2 (Laid Flat) BEAM  
BET. WINDOWS NEXT TO STAIR ;

FOR OUT-OF-PLANE LOADING  
DEFLECTION LIMIT PER 1604.3.7 ; 1) & 2)

ZONE 5 = -22.0 PSF  
 ZONE 4 = -17.9  $\approx$  18 PSF  $\leftarrow$  FOR DES.

#55 7x4x1/2 ;  $I_x = 50.7$  ;  $S_x = 14.5$

$$W = 18 \times 22 \text{ PSF} \times 24/2 \times 0.17$$

$$= 264 \#/ft ; \quad ; = 264 \times 0.17 = 185 \#/ft$$

FOR CAP. CHK. & CONN. ; FOR DEF. CHK.

$$\lambda = 28'$$

CHK. DEFLECTION - 1604.3.7 ; 2) :

$$\Delta_{TL \text{ MAX.}} = \lambda / 240 + 1/4'' ; \lambda = 28'$$

$$= 1.4'' + 1/4'' = 1.65'' \text{ MAX.}$$

FOR HSS 7x4x1/2 ;  $I_x = 50.7 \text{ in}^4$  ;

$$\Delta_{WIND} = 1.74'' \sim \lambda / 193 \quad \text{NOT GOOD?}$$

TRY HSS 8x4x5/8 ;  $I_x = 82$  ;  $S_x = 20.5$  ;

$$\Delta_{WIND} = 1.076'' \sim \lambda / 312 < \lambda / 240 + 1/4$$

OK?

CHK. MOM ;  $W = 264 \#/ft$  ;  $\lambda = 28'$  ;

$$R = 0.7$$

$$M = 25.9 \times 12'' = 311 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$S_x \text{ REQD} = 11.3 \text{ ( } \sigma F_y = 46 \text{ KSI - CONS.)}$$

N/C.R.I.T.?

### STAIR FRAMING CHK :

MG 12x31 STRINGERS ;  $\lambda \approx 15'$  MAX

$$W_{TOT} = (40 + 20) \times 2 + 45 = 165 \#/ft + 31 = 196 \#/ft$$

$$R = 1.46$$

$$M = 5.5 \text{ K-FT} \times 12 = 66 \text{ K-FT} ; F_y = 36 ; \sigma_b = 167$$

$$S_x \text{ REQD} = \frac{M}{F_y / \sigma_b} = 3.08 \text{ in}^3 < 33.7 \text{ in}^3 \text{ - OK?}$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 0.04'' \sim \lambda / 4723 \quad \text{OK?}$$

4x12 DF#2 TREADS ;  $\lambda = 3.5'$

DL=10 ; LL=40 PSF  $\rightarrow$  PT. LOAD = 300 LBS ; DL=10

$$R = 0.09$$

$$M = 0.0765$$

$$F_y = 2.16$$

$$F_b = 0.04$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 0.0025'' \sim \lambda / 1706$$

OK?

$$R_1 = R_2 = 0.17$$

$$M = 0.278$$

$$F_y = 6.13$$

$$F_b = 0.1145$$

$$\Delta_{TL} = 0.0077'' \sim \lambda / 5438$$

OK?



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PROJECT NO

JCM

DESIGN

V-7B

SHEET

UPPER FLOOR FRMG / CONT. :

#118 - DROPPED BM @ HALLWAY ADJ. OFF. :

$W's = W_{\#121} + 120 + (30+40) \frac{27}{2} = 11815$

CHK. BM. W/O UPLIFT :  $\lambda = 16.25'$

$R = 14.75$

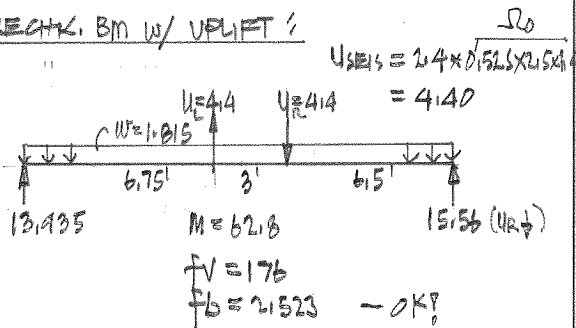
$M = 59.9$

$FV = 165$

$Fb = 2.4$

$\Delta TL = 0.154'' \sim \lambda / 360$  — OK? PSL 7x16 27E

RECHK. BM W/ UPLIFT :



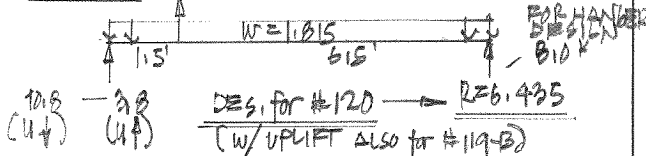
#119-A - PSL 7x16 CONT. DROPPED BM. :

$W = 11815 ; \lambda = 8$

$R = 7.26 ; FV = 65$

$M = 14152 ; Fb = 0.583$  — OK?

W/UPLIFT :  $U = 4.4$



#119-B - GT. REAC. FOR DES. OF #120 :

$\lambda_1 = 4 ; \lambda_2 = 12 ; P = 4.4$  (C-2)

$W's = W_{\#121} + 120 + (30+40) \frac{4}{2} = 2.48$

$R_1 = 23.0 ; R_2 = 21.0 ; R = 19.84$  (NO UPLIFT)

#120 - DROPPED BM. / HDR. : (C-2)

$\lambda_1 = 2.5 ; \lambda_2 = 2.0 ; W's \approx 0$

$P_{max} = 7.26 + 19.84 = 27.1^k$  — W/O UPLIFT

$= 6.435 + 23 = 29.435^k$  — W/UPLIFT

$R_1 = 13 ; R_2 = 16.35$  — GOVERNS ?

$M = 32.70$

$FV = 292 < 290 \times 1.2 \times 1.15$  — OK?

$Fb = 1.75 < 2.90 \times 1.2 \times 1.15$  — OK? PSL 5/4 x 16

#121 - GL 5/2 x 21 RIM/BM @ SO. WALL, (C-2)

$\lambda_1 = 2.75 ; \lambda_2 = 7.25 ; W's = 165$

$P = 19.84 ; R_{\#119}$  — NO UPLIFT

FOR SLS UPLIFT :  $\Omega_0$

$U_{SLS} = 5.8 \times 0.525 \times 2.5 \times 114 = 10.65$

$P_{TOT} = 19.84 + 10.65 = 30.5$

$\Delta TL = 0.074'' \sim \lambda / 1617$  — OK?

RECHK. BM CAP. — W/UPLIFT :

$P = 30.5^k$

$R_1 = 22.94$

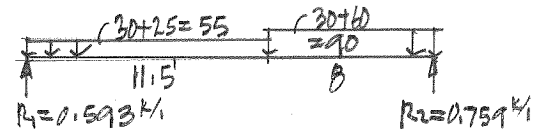
$R_2 = 9.2$

$M = 62.45$

$FV = 294 < 265 \times C_D = 424$  — OK?

$Fb = 1.854 < 2.40 \times C_D$  — OK?

#122 - 11/8" TJI-360 @ 16" OC DECK+RAFTERS :



SEE FORTE-WEB OUTPUT

#123 - E/W BEAM @ ACTIVITY ROOM ; (C-2) :

$\lambda_1 = 5 ; \lambda_2 = 15$

$W_1 = 0 ; W_2 = 150$  (1225#)

$P = [(30+25)5/2 + 150 + (30+25)15/2 + (30+40)15/2] \frac{1.15}{2} = 11195$

$R_1 = 9180$

$R_2 = 4140$

$M = 4910$

$FV = 131$

$Fb = 1197$

$\Delta TL = 0.159'' \sim \lambda / 405$  — OK? PSL 7x16

— W/O X 30 : OR

$\Delta TL = 0.157'' \sim \lambda / 418$



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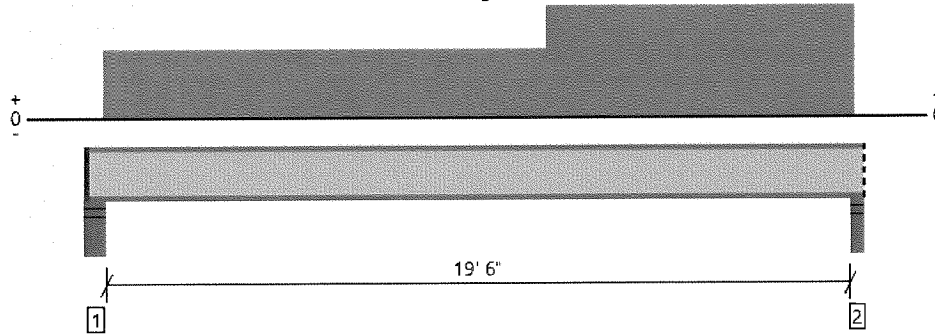
DESIGN

V-8A

SHEET

Roof, #122 - Deck+Roof Rafters  
**1 piece(s) 11 7/8" TJI@ 360 @ 16" OC**

Overall Length: 20' 3"



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Design Results	Actual @ Location	Allowed	Result	LDF	Load: Combination (Pattern)
Member Reaction (lbs)	713 @ 20' 1/2"	1505 (3.50")	Passed (47%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Shear (lbs)	706 @ 19' 11 1/2"	1705	Passed (41%)	1.00	1.0 D + 1.0 L (All Spans)
Moment (Ft-lbs)	3306 @ 10' 5 9/16"	7107	Passed (47%)	1.15	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Live Load Defl. (in)	0.286 @ 10' 5 1/4"	0.983	Passed (L/825)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)
Total Load Defl. (in)	0.610 @ 10' 3 1/8"	1.311	Passed (L/387)	--	1.0 D + 0.75 L + 0.75 S (All Spans)

System : Roof  
 Member Type : Joist  
 Building Use : Residential  
 Building Code : IBC 2018  
 Design Methodology : ASD  
 Member Pitch : 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/240) and TL (L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

Supports	Bearing Length			Loads to Supports (lbs)				Accessories
	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Floor Live	Snow	Total	
1 - Stud wall - DF	5.50"	4.25"	1.75"	372	99	269	740	1 1/4" Rim Board
2 - Stud wall - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.75"	329	384	115	828	Blocking

- Rim Board is assumed to carry all loads applied directly above it, bypassing the member being designed.
- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	5' 2" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	20' 2" o/c	

- TJI joists are only analyzed using Maximum Allowable bracing solutions.
- Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Floor Live (1.00)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	6" to 12'	16"	30.0	-	25.0	Default Load
2 - Uniform (PLF)	12' to 20'	N/A	30.0	60.0	-	

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 The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by ForteWEB Software Operator

ForteWEB Software Operator	Job Notes
Joseph Marquez Malsam-Tsang Engineering (206) 602-5122 JosephM@malsam-tsang.com	



UPPER FLOOR FRMG. / CONT. :

#124 - N/S DROPPED BM. 0 / ACTIVITY NOOK ;

$W = (20+25) \cdot 35/2 + 120 + (30+40) \cdot 35/2 = 2130$   
 $\lambda = 16$   
 $R = 17$   
 $M = 68$   
 $F_v = 165 < 290 \times C_0$   
 $F_b = 2.16 < 2.9 \times C_0$   
 $\Delta T_L = 0.46'' \sim \lambda / 416$

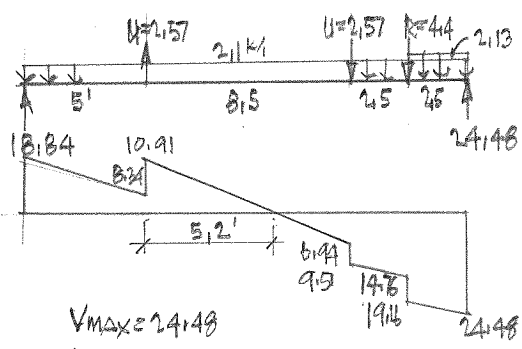
OK?  
PSL 7x18

#125 - N/S DROPPED BM 0 / BILLIARD TABLE ;

$\lambda_1 = 5 ; \lambda_2 = 11 ; \lambda_3 = 25 \quad (C-4)$   
 $W_1 \approx W_2 = (20+25) \cdot 11 + 150 + 760 + (30+40) \cdot 20/2$   
 $= 495 + 150 + 760 + 700 = 2105$   
 $W_2 = W_1 \cdot 24 = 2130$   
 $P_1 = 0 ; P_2 = R_2 \#123 = 414$   
 $R_1 = 20$   
 $R_2 = 23$   
 $M = 95$   
 $F_v = 234 < 290 \times 115$   
 $F_b = 3.03 < 2.90 \times 115 = 3.335 - OK?$   
 $\Delta T_L = 0.87'' \sim \lambda / 254 > \lambda / 240 - OK?$   
 $W/S_{DOWN} \quad 20E \quad PSL 7x18$

RECHK BM. W/ WFLIFT :

$USE_{IS} = 1.4 \times 0.1525 \times 2.5 \times 114 = 2.57$



$V_{max} = 24.48$   
 $M_{max} = 96.32 - OK? N/CRT.$

#126 - OUTDOOR RF. RIM/BM

$W = (30+25) \cdot 5.5/2 = 150 \#$   
 $\lambda = 27$   
 $R = 210$   
 $M = 13.67$   
 TRY W12x26 ;  
 $d = 12 1/4'' ; I_x = 204$   
 $bf = 6 1/2'' ; S_x = 33.4$   
 $\Delta T_L = 0.3'' \sim \lambda / 1069$   
 $S_x_{REQD} = M / F_b / D_b = 5.5 - OK?$

#127 - OUTDOOR RF. CANT. RIM & NORTH SIDE ;

$\lambda = 12.5 ; A = 5.5 ; P = 2.4 \quad (C-3)$   
 $W_s \approx 0.05$   
 $R_1 = -0.805$   
 $R_2 = 4.10$   
 $M = -13.96 \times 12 = 168 \text{ k-ft}$   
 TRY 12x35 ;  
 $d = 12 1/2'' ; I_x = 285$   
 $bf = 6 1/2'' ; S_x = 45.6$   
 $\Delta T_L \text{ B.S.} = -0.026'' \sim \lambda / 5762$   
 $\Delta T_L \text{ END} = 0.09'' \sim 2A / 1447$   
 $S_x \text{ REQD} = 5.6 - N/CRT.$

#128 - OUTDOOR RF. CANT. MIDDLE RF. BM. ;

$\lambda = 12.5 ; A = 5.5 \quad (C-3)$   
 $W_s \approx 0.05$   
 $P = 2.0 + 0.05 \times 28/2 = 2.7 ; \text{USE } 5.0 \text{ k}$   
 $R_1 = -1.93$   
 $R_2 = 7.85$   
 $M = -28.25 \times 12 = 339 \text{ k-ft}$   
 TRY 12x35 ; WHERE  $P \approx 5.0$   
 $\Delta T_L \text{ END} = 0.189'' \sim 2A / 595 - OK?$   
 $S_x \text{ REQD} = 11.32 / N^3 - OK?$



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DESIGN

V-9

SHEET

WELDING CONNECTIONS AND SHEAR CAPACITY CHECKS:

① "W" - FILLET WELD ; VCAP :

$$F_{EXX} = 70 \text{ KSI}$$

$$\Omega = 2.0$$

$$W = 3/16" ; W = 1/4"$$

$$V_{CAP} = \frac{0.4 F_{EXX} \times 0.707 \times W}{\Omega}$$

$$V_{CAP, W=3/16"} = 2.734 \frac{K}{IN} ; V_{CAP, W=1/4"} = 3.712 \frac{K}{IN}$$

② "t" SHEAR YIELDING ; VCAP :

$$V_{CAP} = \frac{0.6 F_y \times t}{\Omega} ; F_y = 36 \text{ KSI}$$

$$\Omega = 1.5$$

$$t_{3/16"} = 2.70 \frac{K}{IN} ; t_{1/4"} = 3.60 \frac{K}{IN}$$

③ "t" SHEAR RUPTURE ; VCAP :

$$V_{CAP} = \frac{0.6 F_u \times t}{\Omega} ; F_u = 58 \text{ KSI}$$

$$\Omega = 1.5$$

$$t_{3/16"} = 4.35 \frac{K}{IN} ; t_{1/4"} = 5.80 \frac{K}{IN}$$



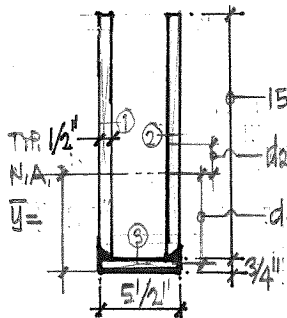
UPPER FLOOR FRMG. CONT. I

#129 - BUILT-UP STL. R. BM. & VALVE

$W = (30+25) \times 1/2 = 525 \#/\text{ft} + 35 = 560 \#/\text{ft}$

$\lambda = 27'$

$R = 7.56 \text{ ; } M = 51.0 \times 12^2 = 612 \text{ K-ft}$



$A_1 = 7.75 \text{ in}^2$   
 $A_2 = 7.75 \text{ in}^2$   
 $A_3 = 4.125 \text{ in}^2$

$A_T = 19.625 \text{ in}^2$

$\bar{y} = \frac{2[7.75 \times (15.5/2 + 3/4)] + 4.125 \times 0.75}{19.625}$   
 $= 6.8 \text{ in AT}$

$I_{NA} = \left[ \frac{5.5 \times 0.75^3}{12} + 4.125 \times d_1^2 \right] + 2 \left[ \frac{0.5 \times 15.5^3}{12} + 7.75 \times d_2^2 \right]$   
 $= 170.5 + 92.43 = 262.93 \text{ IN}^4$

$S_x = I_{NA} / \bar{y} = 72.76 \text{ IN}^3$

WHERE:  $F_y = 36$   
 $\phi_b = 1.187$

$S_{x, \text{REQD}} = \frac{M}{F_y / \phi_b}$   
 $= 28.4 \text{ IN}^3$

$\Delta_{TL} = \frac{5 W \lambda^4}{384 EI}$  ;  $EI = 14.348852 \times 10^8$   
 $= 0.467 \text{ in} \sim \lambda / 694 > \lambda / 180 - \text{OK}$

#130 - STEEL ROOF PAN DECK W/ 2" MAX. GRAVEL BALLAST TOPPING

SUPERIMPOSED LOAD DT. =  $\sim 20 \text{ PSF} + 25$   
 $= 45 \text{ PSF}$

SEE NEXT SHTS.

USING ASC STEEL DECK - GAVE 16 2WHF-36 OR D62WHF PANEL

HSS 5x5x1/4 ALLOW. AXIAL LOAD CAP. :

$\phi K \lambda \sim 13'$  ;  $P_n / \phi_c = 76.4 \text{ KIPS}$

STRUCT. S.O.G. / FDN. / PIN FILES :

STRUCTURAL SLAB-ON-GRADE :

MIN. SLAB THICKNESS: ACI TAB. 9.3.1.1

= ONE END CONT. =  $\lambda / 24$

↳ MAX. CLR. SPAN ;  $\lambda_n = 12'-0"$

= BOTH ENDS CONT. =  $\lambda / 28$

↳ MAX. CLR. SPAN ;  $\lambda_n = 14'-0"$

6" THK. SLAB

APPROX. DESIGN MOMENTS ; TAB. 6.5.2 /

MORE THAN 2 SPANS

(+)  $M_{u, \text{MAX.}} = \frac{W_u \lambda_n^2}{11}$

(-)  $M_{u, \text{MAX.}} = \frac{W_u \lambda_n^2}{10}$

HOUSE SLAB :  $\lambda_n = 14' \text{ MAX.}$

$W_{u, \text{TOT.}} = [150 \text{ PCF} (b/12) + 15 \text{ PSF}] 12 + 40 \times 16$   
 $= 108 + 64 = 172 \text{ PSF} \times 1 \sim 175 \#/\text{ft}$

$M_u (+)_{\text{MAX.}} = 175 (14)^2 / 11 = 3120 \#-ft$

$M_u (-)_{\text{MAX.}} = 175 (14)^2 / 10 = 3430 \#-ft$  — GOVERNS

$M_u = \phi \rho f_y b d^2 \left[ 1 - \frac{\rho f_y}{1.7 f_c} \right]$

$\phi \rho \frac{f_y}{1.7 f_c} \lambda^2 - \rho + \frac{M_u}{\phi f_y b d^2} = 0$

WHERE:  $f_y = 60000 \text{ PSI}$  ;  $f_c = 2500 \text{ PSI}$   
 $\phi = 0.9$  ;  $b = 1'$  STRIP  
 MAIN REINF. @ 8" C/S CENTERED  
 IN 6" SLAB ;  $d = 3.75 \text{ IN}$

$14.12 \rho^2 - \rho + \frac{3430 \#-ft}{0.9 (60000) (12/2) (3.75)^2} = 0$

BY Q.F. ;  $\rho = 0.0066$

$A_s \text{ REQD} = \rho b d = 0.1257 \text{ in}^2$  — GOVERNS

$A_s \text{ MIN.} = \frac{200}{f_y} b w d = 0.116 \text{ in}^2$

T&S REINF. =  $0.0018 b h = 0.13 \text{ in}^2$

USE #4 AT 9" OC MAIN REINF. AND #4 @ 18" OC T&S - REBARS CENTERED ON 6" SLAB

USE #4 @ 12" OC FOR CLR SPAN ;  $\lambda_n = 9' \text{ MAX}$



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KONERU RES.

PROJECT

DATE 11/11/21

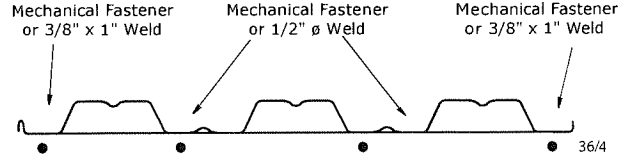
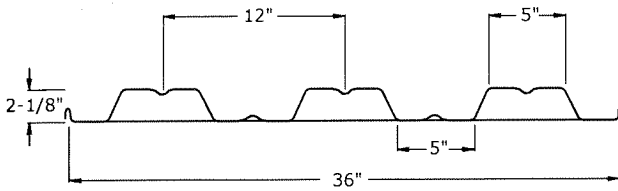
PROJECT NO 0426-2021-03

DESIGN JCM

SHEET V-10B



# DG2WHF-36 & 2WHF-36 4.2



Note: Weld sizes are effective not visible. Refer to AISI S100-2007 or AWS D1.3 for additional welding requirements.

### Panel Properties

Gage	Panel Properties				Gross Section Properties				
	Weight w psf	Base Metal Thickness t in	Yield Strength F <sub>y</sub> ksi	Tensile Strength F <sub>u</sub> ksi	Area A <sub>g</sub> in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Moment of Inertia I <sub>g</sub> in <sup>4</sup> /ft	Distance to N.A. from Bottom y <sub>b</sub> in	Section Modulus S <sub>g</sub> in <sup>3</sup> /ft	Radius of Gyration r in
20/20	3.54	0.035 / 0.036	50	65	1.008	0.770	0.65	0.496	0.874
20/18	4.01	0.035 / 0.047	50	65	1.147	0.820	0.58	0.504	0.845
20/16	4.53	0.035 / 0.059	50	65	1.299	0.864	0.53	0.510	0.815
18/20	4.13	0.047 / 0.036	50	65	1.187	0.961	0.72	0.648	0.900
18/18	4.61	0.047 / 0.047	50	65	1.326	1.025	0.66	0.658	0.879
18/16	5.12	0.047 / 0.059	50	65	1.477	1.083	0.61	0.667	0.856
16/20	4.78	0.059 / 0.036	50	65	1.381	1.159	0.79	0.809	0.916
16/18	5.25	0.059 / 0.047	50	65	1.520	1.235	0.73	0.822	0.901
<b>16/16</b>	<b>5.77</b>	<b>0.059 / 0.059</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>1.671</b>	<b>1.306</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>0.833</b>	<b>0.884</b>

Gage	Effective Section Modulus for Bending at F <sub>y</sub>				Effective Moment of Inertia for Deflection at Service Load				
	Area	Section Modulus	Distance to N.A. from Bottom	Section Modulus	Distance to N.A. from Bottom	Moment of Inertia	Moment of Inertia	Uniform Load Only	
								I <sub>d</sub> = (2I <sub>e</sub> +I <sub>g</sub> )/3	
20/20	A <sub>e</sub> + in <sup>2</sup> /ft	S <sub>e</sub> + in <sup>3</sup> /ft	y <sub>b</sub> in	S <sub>e</sub> - in <sup>3</sup> /ft	y <sub>b</sub> in	I <sub>e</sub> + in <sup>4</sup> /ft	I <sub>e</sub> - in <sup>4</sup> /ft	I <sub>d</sub> + in <sup>4</sup> /ft	I <sub>d</sub> - in <sup>4</sup> /ft
20/18	0.510	0.391	0.56	0.457	1.00	0.732	0.603	0.745	0.659
20/16	0.591	0.401	0.50	0.476	0.87	0.776	0.690	0.791	0.733
18/20	0.692	0.406	0.46	0.492	0.73	0.816	0.771	0.832	0.802
18/18	0.715	0.590	0.69	0.593	1.07	0.959	0.749	0.960	0.820
18/16	0.796	0.599	0.63	0.616	0.95	1.023	0.849	1.024	0.908
16/20	0.897	0.607	0.57	0.639	0.83	1.081	0.948	1.082	0.993
16/18	0.939	0.779	0.77	0.740	1.10	1.156	0.905	1.157	0.990
16/16	1.020	0.792	0.71	0.766	1.01	1.232	1.017	1.233	1.090
<b>16/16</b>	<b>1.121</b>	<b>0.803</b>	<b>0.66</b>	<b>0.792</b>	<b>0.91</b>	<b>1.303</b>	<b>1.132</b>	<b>1.304</b>	<b>1.190</b>

### Reactions at Supports (plf) Based on Web Crippling

Gage	Condition	Bearing Length of Webs							
		Allowable (R <sub>n</sub> /Ω)				Factored (ΦR <sub>n</sub> )			
		1"	2"	4"	6"	1"	2"	4"	6"
22	End	316	393	503	588	483	602	770	899
	Interior	528	638	792	911	786	948	1178	1355
21	End	403	499	636	741	616	764	973	1133
	Interior	675	810	1001	1148	1004	1205	1489	1708
20	End	450	556	707	822	688	851	1081	1258
	Interior	755	903	1114	1275	1123	1344	1657	1897
19	End	633	777	980	1137	968	1188	1500	1739
	Interior	1066	1266	1549	1766	1585	1883	2304	2627
18	End	781	954	1199	1387	1195	1460	1835	2122
	Interior	1319	1559	1898	2158	1961	2318	2823	3211
16	End	1194	1445	1800	2072	1827	2211	2754	3170
	Interior	2027	2373	2862	3237	3015	3530	4257	4815

Web Crippling Constraints h=2.16" r=0.125" θ=64°

2W & 3Wx PANELS

4.2 DG2WHF-36 & 2WHF-36



Inward Allowable ( $f_b/\Omega$ ) and Factored ( $\Phi f_b$ ) Distributed Load (lbs/ft<sup>2</sup>)

Gage	Span	Limit Condition	Panel Span (Support Spacing)								
			4'-0"	6'-0"	8'-0"	10'-0"	12'-0"	14'-0"	16'-0"	18'-0"	20'-0"
16/20	SS	$f_b / \Omega$	972	432	243	155	108	79	61	48	39
		$\Phi f_b$	1542	685	385	247	171	126	96	76	62
		L/360	790	234	99	51	29	18	12	9	6
		L/240	-	351	148	76	44	28	19	13	9
		L/180	-	-	198	101	59	37	25	17	13
	DS	$f_b / \Omega$	923	410	231	148	103	75	58	46	37
		$\Phi f_b$	1465	651	366	234	163	120	92	72	59
		L/360	-	-	203	104	60	38	25	18	13
		L/240	-	-	-	-	90	57	38	27	20
		L/180	-	-	-	-	-	-	51	36	26
	TS	$f_b / \Omega$	1154	513	288	185	128	94	72	57	46
		$\Phi f_b$	1831	814	458	293	203	149	114	90	73
L/360		-	442	186	95	55	35	Exceeds Maximum Product Length			
L/240		-	-	280	143	83	52				
L/180		-	-	-	-	110	70				
16/18	SS	$f_b / \Omega$	988	439	247	158	110	81	62	49	40
		$\Phi f_b$	1568	697	392	251	174	128	98	77	63
		L/360	842	249	105	54	31	20	13	9	7
		L/240	-	374	158	81	47	29	20	14	10
		L/180	-	-	210	108	62	39	26	18	13
	DS	$f_b / \Omega$	956	425	239	153	106	78	60	47	38
		$\Phi f_b$	1516	674	379	243	168	124	95	75	61
		L/360	-	-	224	115	66	42	28	20	14
		L/240	-	-	-	-	100	63	42	30	22
		L/180	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	39	29
	TS	$f_b / \Omega$	1194	531	299	191	133	98	75	59	48
		$\Phi f_b$	1895	842	474	303	211	155	118	94	76
L/360		-	487	205	105	61	38	Exceeds Maximum Product Length			
L/240		-	-	-	158	91	57				
L/180		-	-	-	-	122	77				
16/16	SS	$f_b / \Omega$	1002	445	250	160	111	82	63	49	40
		$\Phi f_b$	1589	706	397	254	177	130	99	78	64
		L/360	890	264	111	57	33	21	14	10	7
		L/240	-	396	167	85	49	31	21	15	11
		L/180	-	-	223	114	66	42	28	20	14
	DS	$f_b / \Omega$	988	439	247	158	110	81	62	49	40
		$\Phi f_b$	1568	697	392	251	174	128	98	77	63
		L/360	-	-	245	125	72	46	31	21	16
		L/240	-	-	-	-	109	68	46	32	23
		L/180	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	43	31
	TS	$f_b / \Omega$	1235	549	309	198	137	101	77	61	49
		$\Phi f_b$	1959	871	490	314	218	160	122	97	78
L/360		-	531	224	115	66	42	Exceeds Maximum Product Length			
L/240		-	-	-	172	100	63				
L/180		-	-	-	-	133	84				

STRUCT. SLAB - FON. - FINFILES \ CONT. :

HOUSE SLAB DESIGN \ CONT. :

$$V_u = 1.15 W_u \times \ell_n / 2$$

$$= 1.15 (175) (14/2) = 1408 \#$$

SHEAR CAP. CHK. :

$$V_{uCAP} = \phi 2 \sqrt{f_c} b_w d$$

$$= 0.175 \times 2 \times \sqrt{2500} (12)(4)$$

$$= 3.6 \gg 2V_u = 2816 \# \text{ --- OK}$$

GAR. STRUCT. SLAB-ON-GRADE DES. :

PER IRC LOADING :

$LL = 50 \text{ PCF}$  OR (2) 2000 lbs WHEEL LOAD  
5' APART OR 9' APART

AT DISCONT. END ;  $\ell_n = 12'$  ;  $LL_{UNE} = 50 \text{ PCF}$

$$W_u = 1.2 (150 \times 6/2) + 116 \times 50$$

$$= 90 + 580 = 170 \#/\text{ft}$$

$$(-) M_u \text{ MAX.} = \frac{170 (12)^2}{10} = 2450 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$(+) M_u \text{ MAX.} = \frac{170 (12)^2}{11} = 2225 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

$LL = 2000 \text{ lb ft. LOAD AT MIDSPAN } \ell_n = 12'$

$$W_u = 90 \quad ; \quad P_u = 2000 \times 16 = 3200 \#$$

$$M_{uTOT} = \frac{90 (12)^2}{10} + \frac{3200 \times 12}{8}$$

$$= 1295 + 4800 = 6095 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

AT INTERIOR SPAN ;  $\ell_n = 13'$

$$W_u = 90 \quad ; \quad P_u = 2000 \times 16 = 3200 \#$$

$$M_{uTOT} = \frac{90 (13)^2}{11} + \frac{3200 \times 13}{8}$$

$$= 1300 + 5200 = 6500 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$14.12 \rho^2 - \rho + \frac{6500 \# \cdot \text{ft}}{0.9 (60000) (13/2) (3.25)^2}$$

BY R.F. ;  $\rho = 0.0144$

$$A_s \text{ REQD} = \rho b d = 0.56 \text{ in}^2 \text{ --- GOVERNS}$$

$$A_s \text{ MIN.} = \frac{200}{f_y} b_w d = 0.130 \text{ in}^2$$

1. USE #5 AT 8" OC MAIN  
2. REINF. AND #4 AT 18" OC  
T&S REINF. - CENTER  
REBARS ON 6" SLAB

POOL STRUCT. SLAB-ON-GRADE DES. :

$$\ell_n \text{ MAX.} = 4.5' \quad ; \quad \text{SLAB THICKNESS} = 5" \quad ; \quad d = 2.5"$$

$$W_u = (62.4 \text{ PCF} \times 7 \times 16) + (150 \text{ PCF} \times 10/2 \times 12)$$

$$= 698 + 149 = 845 \#/\text{ft}$$

$$M_u = W_u \ell_n^2 / 8 = 2150 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$14.12 \rho^2 - \rho + \frac{2150 \# \cdot \text{ft}}{0.9 (60000) (17) (2.5)^2} = 0$$

BY R.F. ;  $\rho = 0.0069$

$$A_s \text{ REQD} = \rho b d = 0.20 \text{ in}^2 \text{ --- GOVERNS}$$

$$A_s \text{ MIN.} = \frac{200}{f_y} b_w d = 0.100 \text{ in}^2$$

1. #4 AT 10" OC MAIN REINF.  
AND #4 AT 18" OC T&S REINF.  
CENTER REBARS ON 5' SLAB

OUTDOOR PATIO ADJ. TO POOL STRUCT. SLAB-ON-GRADE DESIGN :

$$\ell_n \text{ MAX.} = 4.5' \quad ; \quad \text{SLAB THICKNESS} = \frac{9.5' \times 12}{24} = 4.75'$$

$$d = 2.5" \quad \text{USE 5" THK}$$

$$W_u = 113 (60) + 1.2 [ (57 \times 3) \times 215 ] \approx 0.225 \#/\text{ft}$$

NEG.  $M_u$  (2-SPAN) :

$$-M_u = W_u \ell_n^2 / 9 = 2255 \# \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$14.12 \rho^2 - \rho + \frac{2255 \# \cdot \text{ft}}{0.9 (60000) (13/2) (2.5)^2} = 0$$

BY R.F. ;  $\rho = 0.007$

$$A_s \text{ MIN.} = \rho b d = 0.21 \text{ in}^2 \text{ --- GOVERNS}$$

$$A_s \text{ MIN.} = 0.10 \text{ in}^2$$

1. #4 AT 10" OC MAIN REINF. AND  
#4 AT 18" OC T&S REINF. - CENTER  
REBARS ON 5" SLAB.



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DATE

0426-2024-03

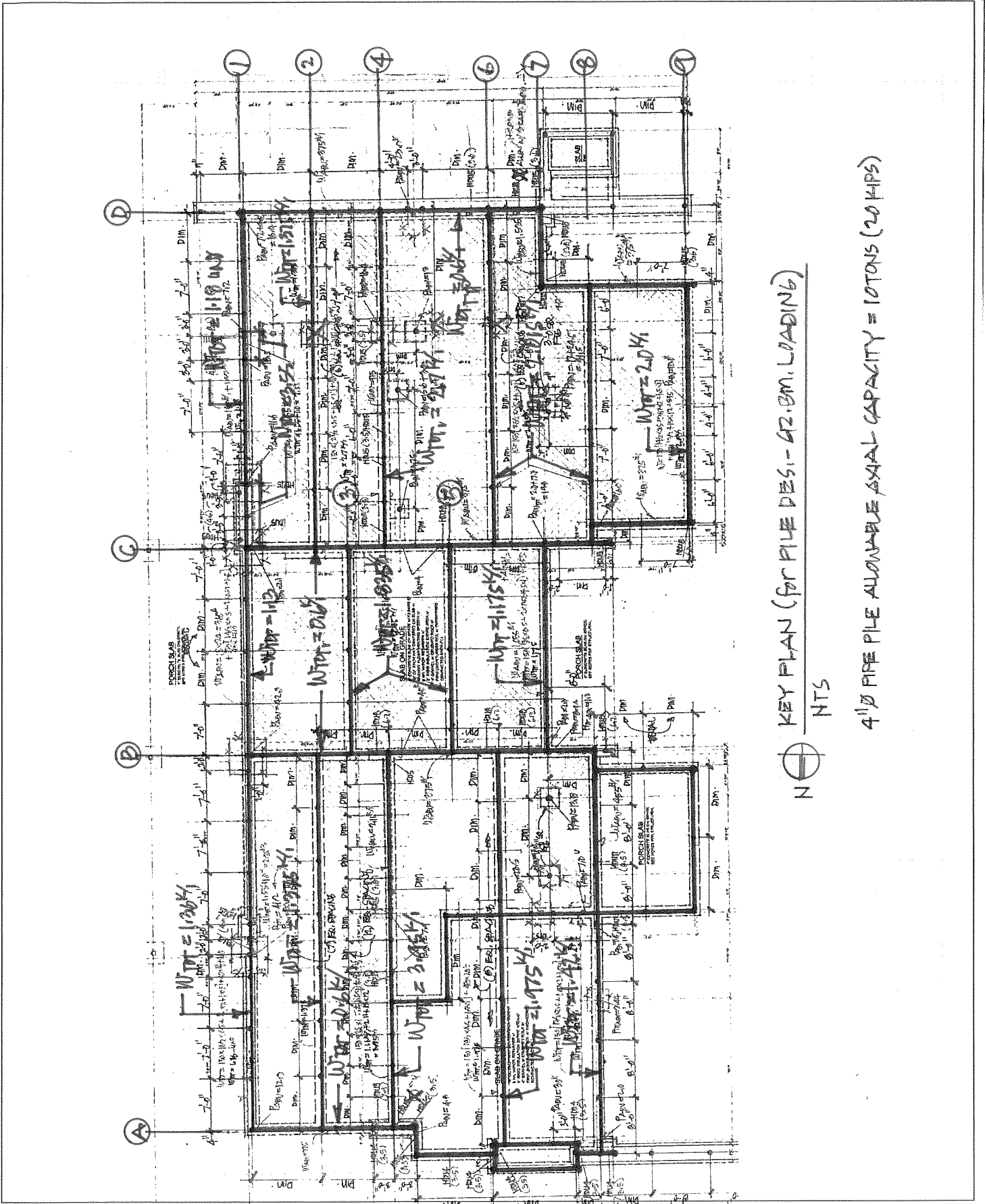
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V-11

SHEET



KEY PLAN (FOR PILE DES. - 42.8M. LOADING)

NTS



4"Ø PILE ALLOWABLE AXIAL CAPACITY = 10 TONS (20 KIPS)

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DESIGN

V-12

SHEET

POOL WOOD DECK FRMG:

PT 2x10 DECK JOISTS @ 16"OC:

$$W = (60 + 10) \cdot 16 / 2 = 93 \# / \text{ft}$$

$$L = 8$$

$$R = 0.372$$

$$M = 0.744$$

$$FV = 32$$

$$fb = 0.417$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.07'' \sim R / 1369 \quad \text{--- } \underline{\underline{OK?}}$$

PT 4x10 HP#1 DECK BM:

$$W = (60 + 10) \cdot 15 / 2 = 525 \# / \text{ft}$$

$$L = 7.5'$$

$$R = 1.97 \quad ; \quad FV = 72$$

$$M = 3.70 \quad ; \quad fb = 0.087$$

$$\Delta TL = 0.114'' \sim R / 792 \quad \text{--- } \underline{\underline{OK?}}$$

SANOTUBE FTG. DIAM. @ 1200 PSF SIB.:

$$P_{max} = 2 \times 1.197 = 3.94$$

$$A_{FTG} = P / SIB. = 3.28 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$DIAM = \left[ \frac{3.28 \times 4}{\pi} \right]^{1/2} \\ \approx 2.4'' \text{ } \emptyset$$



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REVIS, 5/4/22

DATE

0426-2024-08

PROJECT NO

DESIGN

JCM

SHEET

V-13

# POOL RETWALL CALCULATIONS

KONERU RESIDENCE  
6610 E MERCER WAY  
MERCER IS., WA 98040

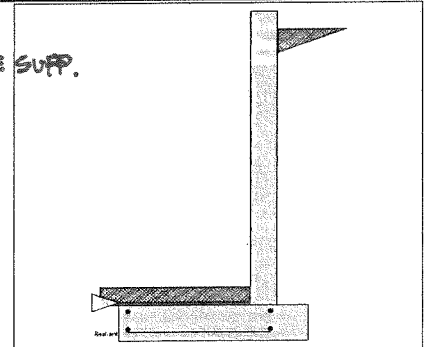
**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

**Criteria**

Retained Height	=	7.67 ft
Wall height above soil	=	0.50 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00
Height of Soil over Toe	=	6.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft

**Soil Data**

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,666.0 psf	<i>PIVE SUPP.</i>
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method			
Active Heel Pressure	=	45.0 psf/ft	
	=		
Passive Pressure	=	300.0 psf/ft	
Soil Density, Heel	=	130.00 pcf	
Soil Density, Toe	=	130.00 pcf	
Footing Soil Friction	=	0.450	
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in	



**Surcharge Loads**

Surcharge Over Heel	=	0.0 psf
NOT Used To Resist Sliding & Overturning		
Surcharge Over Toe	=	0.0
NOT Used for Sliding & Overturning		

**Lateral Load Applied to Stem**

Lateral Load	=	56.0 #/ft
...Height to Top	=	7.67 ft
...Height to Bottom	=	0.50 ft
Load Type	=	Seismic (E) (Strength Level)
Wind on Exposed Stem	=	0.0 psf (Strength Level)

**Adjacent Footing Load**

Adjacent Footing Load	=	0.0 lbs
Footing Width	=	0.00 ft
Eccentricity	=	0.00 in
Wall to Ftg CL Dist	=	0.00 ft
Footing Type	=	Line Load
Base Above/Below Soil at Back of Wall	=	0.0 ft
Poisson's Ratio	=	0.300

**Axial Load Applied to Stem**

Axial Dead Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Live Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Load Eccentricity	=	0.0 in

**Design Summary**

**Wall Stability Ratios**

Overturning	=	1.46 Ratio < 1.5!	<i>OK! SESS. INCLUDED</i>
Slab Resists All Sliding!			
Total Bearing Load	=	2,625 lbs	
...resultant ecc.	=	16.76 in	
Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	1,586 psf	OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	0 psf	OK
Allowable Soil Pressure Less Than Allowable		2,666 psf	
ACI Factored @ Toe	=	2,220 psf	
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	0 psf	
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	27.4 psi	OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	9.6 psi	OK
Allowable	=	75.0 psi	

**Sliding Calcs**

Lateral Sliding Force	=	1,972.0 lbs
-----------------------	---	-------------

**Stem Construction**

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	0.00
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Concrete
Design Method	=	LRFD
Thickness	=	8.00
Rebar Size	=	# 5
Rebar Spacing	=	10.00
Rebar Placed at	=	Edge

**Design Data**

fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.732
---------------	---	-------

**Total Force @ Section**

Service Level	lbs =	
Strength Level	lbs =	2,518.8

**Moment....Actual**

Service Level	ft-# =	
Strength Level	ft-# =	7,052.7

**Moment....Allowable**

	=	9,623.1
--	---	---------

**Shear....Actual**

Service Level	psi =	
Strength Level	psi =	33.9

**Shear....Allowable**

	psi =	75.0
--	-------	------

**Anet (Masonry)**

	in2 =	
--	-------	--

**Rebar Depth 'd'**

	in =	6.19
--	------	------

**Masonry Data**

f <sub>m</sub>	psi =	
F <sub>s</sub>	psi =	
Solid Grouting	=	
Modular Ratio 'n'	=	
Wall Weight	psf =	100.0
Short Term Factor	=	
Equiv. Solid Thick.	=	
Masonry Block Type	=	Medium Weight
Masonry Design Method	=	ASD

**Concrete Data**

f <sub>c</sub>	psi =	2,500.0
F <sub>y</sub>	psi =	60,000.0

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of soil bearing

**Load Factors**

Building Code	IBC 2018,ACI
Dead Load	1.200
Live Load	1.600
Earth, H	1.600
Wind, W	1.000
Seismic, E	1.000

**Concrete Stem Rebar Area Details**

	Vertical Reinforcing	Horizontal Reinforcing
Bottom Stem		
As (based on applied moment) :	0.2671 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	
(4/3) * As :	0.3561 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area 1.568 in <sup>2</sup>
200bd/fy : 200(12)(6.1875)/60000 :	0.2475 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area per ft of stem Height : 0.192 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.0018bh : 0.0018(12)(8) :	0.1728 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Horizontal Reinforcing Options :
	=====	One layer of :      Two layers of :
Required Area :	0.2671 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#4@ 12.50 in      #4@ 25.00 in
Provided Area :	0.372 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#5@ 19.38 in      #5@ 38.75 in
Maximum Area :	0.8382 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#6@ 27.50 in      #6@ 55.00 in

**Footing Data**

Toe Width	=	3.50 ft
Heel Width	=	1.50
Total Footing Width	=	5.00
Footing Thickness	=	12.00 in
Key Width	=	0.00 in
Key Depth	=	0.00 in
Key Distance from Toe	=	0.00 ft
f'c =	2,500 psi	Fy = 60,000 psi
Footing Concrete Density	=	150.00 pcf
Min. As %	=	0.0018
Cover @ Top	2.00	@ Btm.= 3.00 in

**Footing Design Results**

	Toe	Heel
Factored Pressure	= 2,220	0 psf
Mu' : Upward	= 105,691	0 ft-#
Mu' : Downward	= 18,963	478 ft-#
Mu: Design	= 7,227	478 ft-#
Actual 1-Way Shear	= 27.37	9.56 psi
Allow 1-Way Shear	= 75.00	40.00 psi
Toe Reinforcing	= # 5 @ 10.00 in	
Heel Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Key Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Footing Torsion, Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs
Footing Allow. Torsion, phi Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs

**If torsion exceeds allowable, provide supplemental design for footing torsion.**

**Other Acceptable Sizes & Spacings**

Toe: #4@ 9.16 in, #5@ 14.21 in, #6@ 20.17 in, #7@ 27.50 in, #8@ 36.21 in, #9@ 45  
Heel: phiMn = phi'5'lambda'sqrt(fc)'Sm  
Key: No key defined

Min footing T&S reinf Area	1.30	in <sup>2</sup>
Min footing T&S reinf Area per foot	0.26	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
If one layer of horizontal bars:		If two layers of horizontal bars:
#4@ 9.26 in		#4@ 18.52 in
#5@ 14.35 in		#5@ 28.70 in
#6@ 20.37 in		#6@ 40.74 in



I-C

## Cantilevered Retaining Wall

## Summary of Overturning &amp; Resisting Forces &amp; Moments

Item	.....OVERTURNING.....			.....RESISTING.....			
	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	
HL Act Pres (ab water tbl)	1,690.9	2.89	4,886.2	Soil Over HL (ab. water tbl)	830.8	4.58	3,807.9
HL Act Pres (be water tbl)				Soil Over HL (bel. water tbl)		4.58	3,807.9
Hydrostatic Force				Watre Table			
Buoyant Force =				Sloped Soil Over Heel =			
Surcharge over Heel =				Surcharge Over Heel =			
Surcharge Over Toe =				Adjacent Footing Load =			
Adjacent Footing Load =				Axial Dead Load on Stem =			
Added Lateral Load =	281.1	5.09	1,429.2	* Axial Live Load on Stem =			
Load @ Stem Above Soil =				Soil Over Toe =	227.5	1.75	398.1
				Surcharge Over Toe =			
				Stem Weight(s) =	816.9	3.83	3,131.5
				Earth @ Stem Transitions =			
<b>Total</b>	<b>= 1,972.0</b>	<b>O.T.M. =</b>	<b>6,315.4</b>	Footing Weight =	750.0	2.50	1,875.0
				Key Weight =			
				Vert. Component =			
<b>Resisting/Overturning Ratio</b>		<b>= 1.46</b>		<b>Total =</b>	<b>2,625.2 lbs</b>	<b>R.M.=</b>	<b>9,212.4</b>
Vertical Loads used for Soil Pressure =		2,625.2 lbs					

\* Axial live load NOT included in total displayed, or used for overturning resistance, but is included for soil pressure calculation.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Overturning Resistance.

## Tilt

**Horizontal Deflection at Top of Wall due to settlement of soil**

(Deflection due to wall bending not considered)

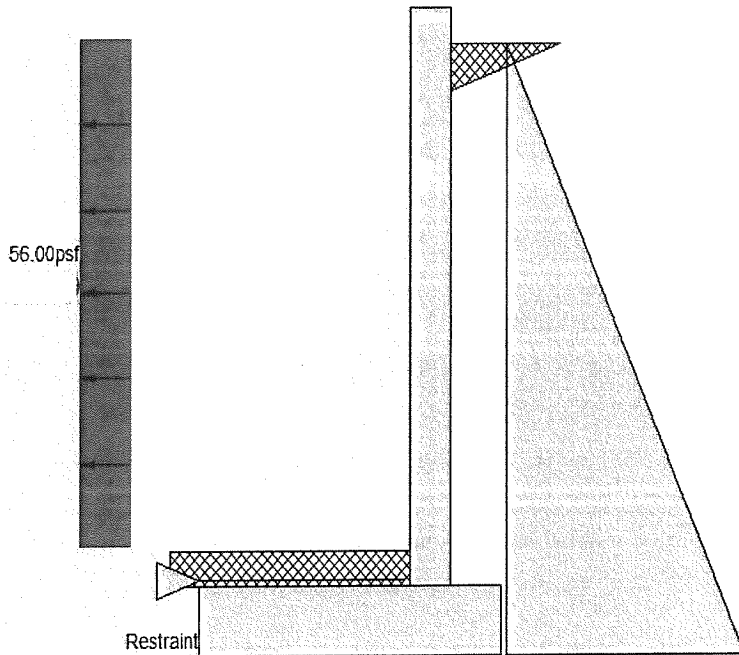
Soil Spring Reaction Modulus 250.0 pci

Horizontal Defl @ Top of Wall (approximate only) 0.072 in

The above calculation is not valid if the heel soil bearing pressure exceeds that of the toe.  
because the wall would then tend to rotate into the retained soil.

I-D

POOL WALL ALONG WESTSIDE



1585.91psf

WORST-CASE  
LOADINGS FOR  
PIN PILE DESIGN  
COMPARED TO AN  
SHTS, II-D OR II-E

- Hydrostatic Force
- Lateral earth pressure due to the soil BELOW water table

↳ 6'-0" OC PILE SPACING - OK

**II-A**

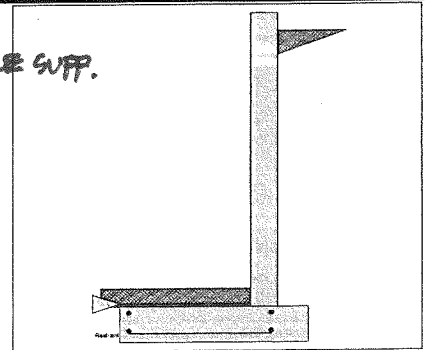
**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

**Criteria**

Retained Height	=	7.67 ft
Wall height above soil	=	0.50 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00
Height of Soil over Toe	=	6.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft

**Soil Data**

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,000.0 psf	- FILE SUPP.
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method			
Active Heel Pressure	=	45.0 psf/ft	
	=		
Passive Pressure	=	300.0 psf/ft	
Soil Density, Heel	=	130.00 pcf	
Soil Density, Toe	=	145.00 pcf	
Footing  Soil Friction	=	0.450	
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in	



**Surcharge Loads**

Surcharge Over Heel	=	0.0 psf
NOT Used To Resist Sliding & Overturning		
Surcharge Over Toe	=	0.0
NOT Used for Sliding & Overturning		

**Lateral Load Applied to Stem**

Lateral Load	=	0.0 #/ft
...Height to Top	=	0.00 ft
...Height to Bottom	=	0.00 ft
Load Type	=	Seismic (E) (Strength Level)
Wind on Exposed Stem	=	0.0 psf (Strength Level)

**Adjacent Footing Load**

Adjacent Footing Load	=	0.0 lbs
Footing Width	=	0.00 ft
Eccentricity	=	0.00 in
Wall to Ftg CL Dist	=	0.00 ft
Footing Type	=	Line Load
Base Above/Below Soil at Back of Wall	=	0.0 ft
Poisson's Ratio	=	0.300

**Axial Load Applied to Stem**

Axial Dead Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Live Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Load Eccentricity	=	0.0 in

**Design Summary**

**Wall Stability Ratios**

Overturning	=	1.89 OK
Slab Resists All Sliding !		

Total Bearing Load	=	2,651 lbs
...resultant ecc.	=	10.21 in

Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	1,072 psf OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	0 psf OK
Allowable	=	2,000 psf
Soil Pressure Less Than Allowable		
ACI Factored @ Toe	=	1,501 psf
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	0 psf
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	21.7 psi OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	8.8 psi OK
Allowable	=	75.0 psi

**Sliding Calcs**

Lateral Sliding Force	=	1,690.9 lbs
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Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of soil bearing

**Load Factors**

Building Code	IBC 2018, ACI
Dead Load	1.200
Live Load	1.600
Earth, H	1.600
Wind, W	1.000
Seismic, E	1.000

**Stem Construction**

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	0.00
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Concrete
Design Method	=	LRFD
Thickness	=	8.00
Rebar Size	=	# 5
Rebar Spacing	=	10.00
Rebar Placed at	=	Edge

**Design Data**

fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.562
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**Total Force @ Section**

Service Level	lbs =	
Strength Level	lbs =	2,117.3

**Moment....Actual**

Service Level	ft-# =	
Strength Level	ft-# =	5,412.5

**Moment.....Allowable**

	=	9,623.1
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**Shear.....Actual**

Service Level	psi =	
Strength Level	psi =	28.5

**Shear.....Allowable**

	psi =	75.0
--	-------	------

**Anet (Masonry)**

	in2 =	
--	-------	--

**Rebar Depth 'd'**

	in =	6.19
--	------	------

**Masonry Data**

f'm	psi =	
Fs	psi =	
Solid Grouting	=	
Modular Ratio 'n'	=	
Wall Weight	psf =	100.0
Short Term Factor	=	
Equiv. Solid Thick.	=	
Masonry Block Type	=	Medium Weight
Masonry Design Method	=	ASD

**Concrete Data**

f'c	psi =	2,500.0
Fy	psi =	60,000.0

I-B

## Cantilevered Retaining Wall

## Concrete Stem Rebar Area Details

Bottom Stem	Vertical Reinforcing	Horizontal Reinforcing
As (based on applied moment) :	0.2049 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	
(4/3) * As :	0.2733 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area 1.568 in <sup>2</sup>
200bd/fy : 200(12)(6.1875)/60000 :	0.2475 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area per ft of stem Height : 0.192 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.0018bh : 0.0018(12)(8) :	0.1728 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Horizontal Reinforcing Options :
	=====	One layer of :      Two layers of :
Required Area :	0.2475 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#4@ 12.50 in      #4@ 25.00 in
Provided Area :	0.372 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#5@ 19.38 in      #5@ 38.75 in
Maximum Area :	0.8382 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#6@ 27.50 in      #6@ 55.00 in

## Footing Data

Toe Width	=	3.50 ft
Heel Width	=	1.50
Total Footing Width	=	5.00
Footing Thickness	=	12.00 in
Key Width	=	0.00 in
Key Depth	=	0.00 in
Key Distance from Toe	=	0.00 ft
f'c =	2,500 psi	Fy = 60,000 psi
Footing Concrete Density	=	150.00 pcf
Min. As %	=	0.0018
Cover @ Top	2.00	@ Btm = 3.00 in

## Footing Design Results

	Toe	Heel
Factored Pressure	= 1,501	0 psf
Mu' : Upward	= 84,291	24 ft-#
Mu' : Downward	= 18,963	478 ft-#
Mu: Design	= 5,444	454 ft-#
Actual 1-Way Shear	= 21.71	8.79 psi
Allow 1-Way Shear	= 75.00	40.00 psi
Toe Reinforcing	= # 5 @ 10.00 in	
Heel Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Key Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Footing Torsion, Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs
Footing Allow. Torsion, phi Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs

**If torsion exceeds allowable, provide supplemental design for footing torsion.**

## Other Acceptable Sizes &amp; Spacings

Toe: #4@ 9.25 in, #5@ 14.35 in, #6@ 20.37 in, #7@ 27.77 in, #8@ 36.57 in, #9@ 46  
 Heel: phiMn = phi'5'lambda'sqrt(fc)'Sm  
 Key: No key defined

Min footing T&S reinf Area	1.30 in <sup>2</sup>
Min footing T&S reinf Area per foot	0.26 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
If one layer of horizontal bars:	If two layers of horizontal bars:
#4@ 9.26 in	#4@ 18.52 in
#5@ 14.35 in	#5@ 28.70 in
#6@ 20.37 in	#6@ 40.74 in

I-C

## Cantilevered Retaining Wall

## Summary of Overturning &amp; Resisting Forces &amp; Moments

Item	.....OVERTURNING.....			.....RESISTING.....			
	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	
HL Act Pres (ab water tbl)	1,690.9	2.89	4,886.2	Soil Over HL (ab. water tbl)	830.8	4.58	3,807.9
HL Act Pres (be water tbl)				Soil Over HL (bel. water tbl)		4.58	3,807.9
Hydrostatic Force				Watre Table			
Buoyant Force =				Sloped Soil Over Heel =			
Surcharge over Heel =				Surcharge Over Heel =			
Surcharge Over Toe =				Adjacent Footing Load =			
Adjacent Footing Load =				Axial Dead Load on Stem =			
Added Lateral Load =				* Axial Live Load on Stem =			
Load @ Stem Above Soil =				Soil Over Toe =	253.8	1.75	444.1
				Surcharge Over Toe =			
				Stem Weight(s) =	816.9	3.83	3,131.5
				Earth @ Stem Transitions =			
<b>Total</b>	= 1,690.9	<b>O.T.M.</b>	= 4,886.2	Footing Weight =	750.0	2.50	1,875.0
				Key Weight =			
				Vert. Component =			
<b>Resisting/Overturning Ratio</b>		=	<b>1.89</b>	<b>Total =</b>	<b>2,651.5 lbs</b>	<b>R.M.=</b>	<b>9,258.4</b>
Vertical Loads used for Soil Pressure =			2,651.5 lbs				

\* Axial live load NOT included in total displayed, or used for overturning resistance, but is included for soil pressure calculation.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Overturning Resistance.

## Tilt

**Horizontal Deflection at Top of Wall due to settlement of soil**

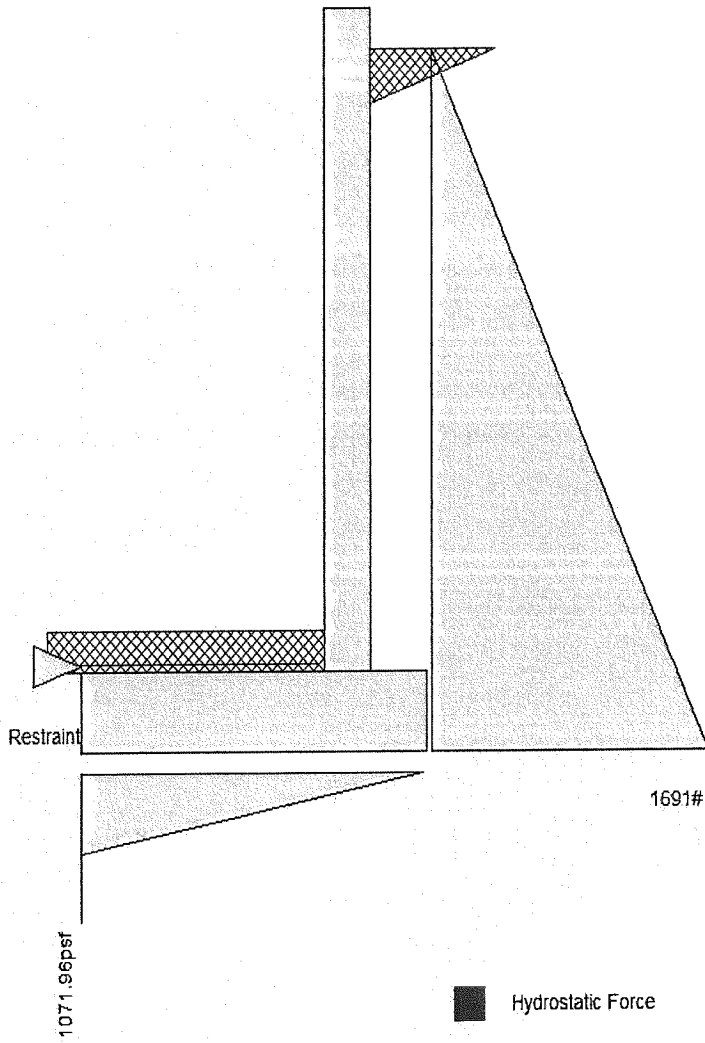
(Deflection due to wall bending not considered)

Soil Spring Reaction Modulus 250.0 pci

Horizontal Defl @ Top of Wall (approximate only) 0.049 in

The above calculation is not valid if the heel soil bearing pressure exceeds that of the toe.  
because the wall would then tend to rotate into the retained soil.

II-D



Hydrostatic Force

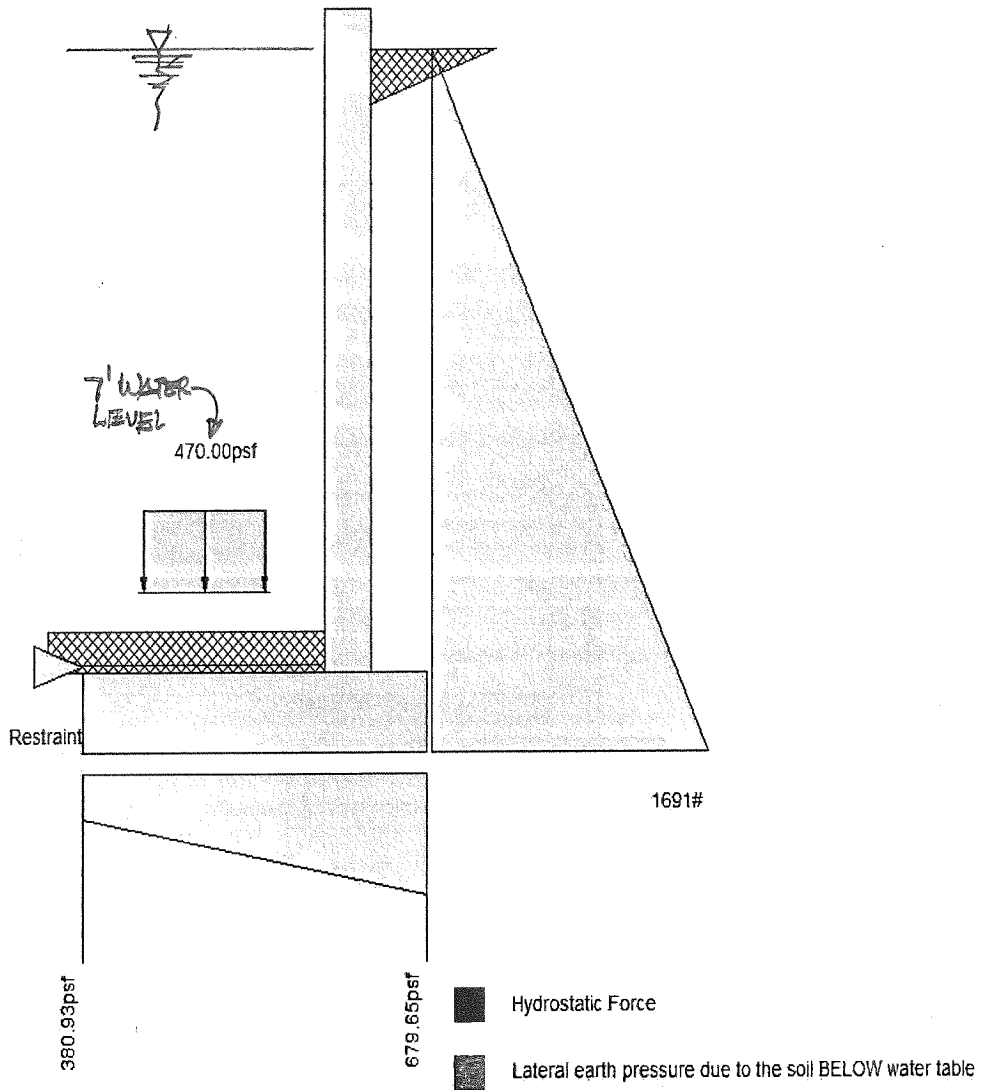


Lateral earth pressure due to the soil BELOW water table

POOL WALL ALONG WEST SIDE - NO SEIS;

WITH POOL WATER SURCHARGE CHR.

I-E



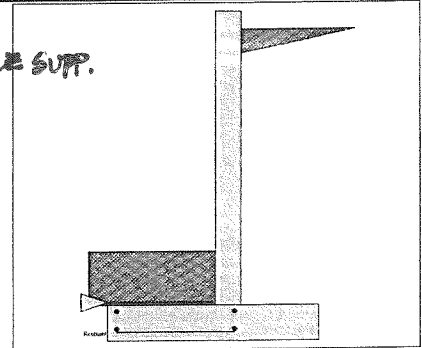
### Cantilevered Retaining Wall

#### Criteria

Retained Height	=	7.67 ft
Wall height above soil	=	0.50 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00
Height of Soil over Toe	=	18.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft

#### Soil Data

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,000.0 psf -PILE SUPP.
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method		
Active Heel Pressure	=	67.4 psf/ft
Passive Pressure	=	300.0 psf/ft
Soil Density, Heel	=	67.00 pcf
Soil Density, Toe	=	130.00 pcf
Footings  Soil Friction	=	0.450
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in



#### Surcharge Loads

Surcharge Over Heel	=	0.0 psf
NOT Used To Resist Sliding & Overturning		
Surcharge Over Toe	=	0.0
NOT Used for Sliding & Overturning		

#### Lateral Load Applied to Stem

Lateral Load	=	0.0 #/ft
...Height to Top	=	0.00 ft
...Height to Bottom	=	0.00 ft
Load Type	=	Seismic (E) (Strength Level)
Wind on Exposed Stem	=	0.0 psf (Strength Level)

#### Adjacent Footing Load

Adjacent Footing Load	=	0.0 lbs
Footing Width	=	0.00 ft
Eccentricity	=	0.00 in
Wall to Ftg CL Dist	=	0.00 ft
Footing Type	=	Line Load
Base Above/Below Soil at Back of Wall	=	0.0 ft
Poisson's Ratio	=	0.300

#### Axial Load Applied to Stem

Axial Dead Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Live Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Load Eccentricity	=	0.0 in

#### Design Summary

##### Wall Stability Ratios

Overturning	=	1.40 Ratio < 1.5!
Slab Resists All Sliding!		
Total Bearing Load	=	3,223 lbs
...resultant ecc.	=	22.03 in
Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	2,351 psf -NG-OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	0 psf OK
Allowable Soil Pressure Exceeds Allowable!		
ACI Factored @ Toe	=	3,291 psf
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	0 psf
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	34.9 psi OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	13.3 psi OK
Allowable	=	75.0 psi

##### Sliding Calcs

Lateral Sliding Force	=	2,532.6 lbs
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#### Stem Construction

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	0.00
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Concrete
Design Method	=	LFRD
Thickness	=	8.00
Rebar Size	=	# 5
Rebar Spacing	=	10.00
Rebar Placed at	=	Edge

##### Design Data

fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.842
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##### Total Force @ Section

Service Level	lbs =	
Strength Level	lbs =	3,171.2
Moment.....Actual		
Service Level	ft-# =	
Strength Level	ft-# =	8,106.7
Moment.....Allowable	=	9,623.1

##### Shear.....Actual

Service Level	psi =	
Strength Level	psi =	42.7
Shear.....Allowable	psi =	75.0
Anet (Masonry)	in2 =	
Rebar Depth 'd'	in =	6.19

##### Masonry Data

f <sub>m</sub>	psi =	
F <sub>s</sub>	psi =	
Solid Grouting	=	
Modular Ratio 'n'	=	
Wall Weight	psf =	100.0
Short Term Factor	=	
Equiv. Solid Thick.	=	
Masonry Block Type	=	Medium Weight
Masonry Design Method	=	ASD

##### Concrete Data

f <sub>c</sub>	psi =	2,500.0
F <sub>y</sub>	psi =	60,000.0

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of soil bearing

##### Load Factors

Building Code	IBC 2018,ACI
Dead Load	1.200
Live Load	1.600
Earth, H	1.600
Wind, W	1.000
Seismic, E	1.000

OK!  
Slab Resists All Sliding!  
PILE SLAB WATER NOT ACCOUNTED!  
NG-OK  
PIN NAIL SUPPORTED



**Concrete Stem Rebar Area Details**

	Vertical Reinforcing	Horizontal Reinforcing
Bottom Stem		
As (based on applied moment) :	0.307 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	
(4/3) * As :	0.4093 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area 1.568 in <sup>2</sup>
200bd/fy : 200(12)(6.1875)/60000 :	0.2475 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area per ft of stem Height : 0.192 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.0018bh : 0.0018(12)(8) :	0.1728 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Horizontal Reinforcing Options :
	=====	One layer of :      Two layers of :
Required Area :	0.307 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#4@ 12.50 in      #4@ 25.00 in
Provided Area :	0.372 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#5@ 19.38 in      #5@ 38.75 in
Maximum Area :	0.8382 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#6@ 27.50 in      #6@ 55.00 in

**Footing Data**

Toe Width	=	2.83 ft
Heel Width	=	2.67
Total Footing Width	=	5.50
Footing Thickness	=	12.00 in
Key Width	=	0.00 in
Key Depth	=	0.00 in
Key Distance from Toe	=	0.00 ft
f'c =	2,500 psi	Fy = 60,000 psi
Footing Concrete Density	=	150.00 pcf
Min. As %	=	0.0018
Cover @ Top	2.00	@ Btm = 3.00 in

**Footing Design Results**

	Toe	Heel
Factored Pressure	= 3,291	0 psf
Mu' : Upward	= 103,751	0 ft-#
Mu' : Downward	= 14,445	1,598 ft-#
Mu: Design	= 7,442	1,598 ft-#
Actual 1-Way Shear	= 34.89	13.30 psi
Allow 1-Way Shear	= 75.00	40.00 psi
Toe Reinforcing	= # 5 @ 10.00 in	
Heel Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Key Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Footing Torsion, Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs
Footing Allow. Torsion, phi Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs

**If torsion exceeds allowable, provide supplemental design for footing torsion.**

**Other Acceptable Sizes & Spacings**

Toe: #4@ 8.90 in, #5@ 13.80 in, #6@ 19.58 in, #7@ 26.71 in, #8@ 35.17 in, #9@ 44  
 Heel: phiMn = phi'5'lambda'sqrt(fc)'Sm  
 Key: No key defined

Min footing T&S reinf Area	1.43 in <sup>2</sup>
Min footing T&S reinf Area per foot	0.26 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
If one layer of horizontal bars:	If two layers of horizontal bars:
#4@ 9.26 in	#4@ 18.52 in
#5@ 14.35 in	#5@ 28.70 in
#6@ 20.37 in	#6@ 40.74 in

III-C

**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

**Summary of Overturning & Resisting Forces & Moments**

Item	.....OVERTURNING.....			.....RESISTING.....			
	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	
HL Act Pres (ab water tbl)	2,532.6	2.89	7,318.4	Soil Over HL (ab. water tbl)	1,029.4	4.50	4,630.4
HL Act Pres (be water tbl)				Soil Over HL (bel. water tbl)		4.50	4,630.4
Hydrostatic Force				Watre Table			
Buoyant Force =				Sloped Soil Over Heel =			
Surcharge over Heel =				Surcharge Over Heel =			
Surcharge Over Toe =				Adjacent Footing Load =			
Adjacent Footing Load =				Axial Dead Load on Stem =			
Added Lateral Load =				* Axial Live Load on Stem =			
Load @ Stem Above Soil =				Soil Over Toe =	551.9	1.42	780.9
				Surcharge Over Toe =			
				Stem Weight(s) =	816.9	3.16	2,584.1
				Earth @ Stem Transitions =			
<b>Total</b>	<b>= 2,532.6</b>	<b>O.T.M. =</b>	<b>7,318.4</b>	Footing Weight =	825.0	2.75	2,268.8
				Key Weight =			
				Vert. Component =			
<b>Resisting/Overturning Ratio</b>		<b>= 1.40</b>		<b>Total =</b>	<b>3,223.1 lbs</b>	<b>R.M.=</b>	<b>10,264.1</b>
Vertical Loads used for Soil Pressure =		3,223.1 lbs		* Axial live load NOT included in total displayed, or used for overturning resistance, but is included for soil pressure calculation.			

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Overturning Resistance.

**Tilt**

**Horizontal Deflection at Top of Wall due to settlement of soil**

(Deflection due to wall bending not considered)

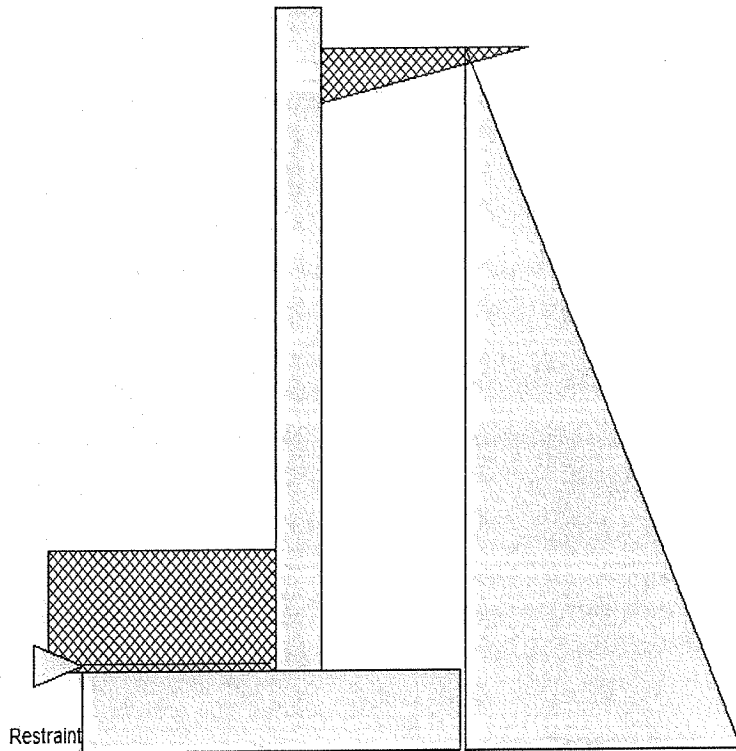
Soil Spring Reaction Modulus 250.0 pci

Horizontal Defl @ Top of Wall (approximate only) 0.097 in

The above calculation is not valid if the heel soil bearing pressure exceeds that of the toe, because the wall would then tend to rotate into the retained soil.

III-D

POOL WALL ALONG EAST SIDE



2533#

2351 .05psf

WORST-CASE LOADING  
FOR PIN FILE DESIGN  
ALONG EAST SIDE POOL  
WALL



Hydrostatic Force

Lateral earth pressure due to the soil BELOW water table

6'-0" OC MAX. PIN FILES -OK!

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**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

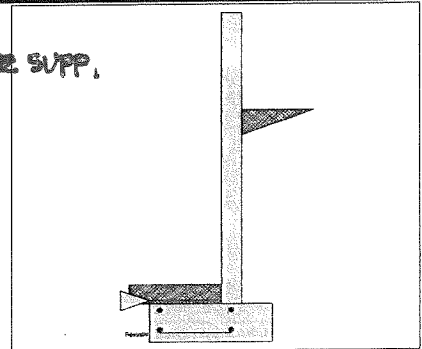
Code: IBC 2018,ACI 318-14,TMS 402-16

**Criteria**

Retained Height	=	5.00 ft
Wall height above soil	=	2.50 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00
Height of Soil over Toe	=	6.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft

**Soil Data**

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,000.0 psf - PILE SUPP.
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method		
Active Heel Pressure	=	45.0 psf/ft
Passive Pressure	=	150.0 psf/ft
Soil Density, Heel	=	130.00 pcf
Soil Density, Toe	=	120.00 pcf
Footings  Soil Friction	=	0.450
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in



**Surcharge Loads**

Surcharge Over Heel	=	0.0 psf
NOT Used To Resist Sliding & Overturning		
Surcharge Over Toe	=	0.0
NOT Used for Sliding & Overturning		

**Axial Load Applied to Stem**

Axial Dead Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Live Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Load Eccentricity	=	0.0 in

**Lateral Load Applied to Stem**

Lateral Load	=	0.0 #/ft
...Height to Top	=	0.00 ft
...Height to Bottom	=	0.00 ft
Load Type	=	Wind (W) (Service Level)
Wind on Exposed Stem	=	0.0 psf (Service Level)

**Adjacent Footing Load**

Adjacent Footing Load	=	0.0 lbs
Footing Width	=	0.00 ft
Eccentricity	=	0.00 in
Wall to Ftg CL Dist	=	0.00 ft
Footing Type	=	Line Load
Base Above/Below Soil at Back of Wall	=	0.0 ft
Poisson's Ratio	=	0.300

**Design Summary**

**Wall Stability Ratios**

Overtuning	=	1.96 OK
Slab Resists All Sliding !		

Total Bearing Load	=	1,605 lbs
...resultant ecc.	=	6.40 in

Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	1,107 psf OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	0 psf OK
Allowable Soil Pressure Less Than Allowable	=	2,000 psf
ACI Factored @ Toe	=	1,550 psf
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	0 psf
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	10.1 psi OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	5.1 psi OK
Allowable	=	75.0 psi

**Sliding Calcs**

Lateral Sliding Force	=	810.0 lbs
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Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of soil bearing

**Load Factors**

Building Code	IBC 2018,ACI
Dead Load	1.200
Live Load	1.600
Earth, H	1.600
Wind, W	1.000
Seismic, E	1.000

**Stem Construction**

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	Stem OK 0.00
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Concrete
Design Method	=	LRFD
Thickness	=	6.00
Rebar Size	=	# 4
Rebar Spacing	=	9.00
Rebar Placed at	=	Center

**Design Data**

fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.465
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**Total Force @ Section**

Service Level	lbs =	
Strength Level	lbs =	900.0

**Moment....Actual**

Service Level	ft-# =	
Strength Level	ft-# =	1,500.0

Moment.....Allowable	=	3,222.4
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**Shear.....Actual**

Service Level	psi =	
Strength Level	psi =	25.0

Shear.....Allowable	psi =	75.0
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Anet (Masonry)	in2 =	
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Rebar Depth 'd'	in =	3.00
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**Masonry Data**

f'm	psi =	
Fs	psi =	
Solid Grouting	=	
Modular Ratio 'n'	=	
Wall Weight	psf =	75.0
Short Term Factor	=	
Equiv. Solid Thick.	=	
Masonry Block Type	=	Medium Weight
Masonry Design Method	=	ASD

**Concrete Data**

f'c	psi =	2,500.0
Fy	psi =	60,000.0

IV-B

**Cantilevered Retaining Wall****Concrete Stem Rebar Area Details**

	Vertical Reinforcing	Horizontal Reinforcing
Bottom Stem		
As (based on applied moment) :	0.1243 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	
(4/3) * As :	0.1658 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area 1.080 in <sup>2</sup>
200bd/fy : 200(12)(3)/60000 :	0.12 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area per ft of stem Height : 0.144 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
0.0018bh : 0.0018(12)(6) :	0.1296 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	Horizontal Reinforcing Options :
	=====	One layer of :      Two layers of :
Required Area :	0.1243 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#4@ 16.67 in      #4@ 33.33 in
Provided Area :	0.2667 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#5@ 25.83 in      #5@ 51.67 in
Maximum Area :	0.4064 in <sup>2</sup> /ft	#6@ 36.67 in      #6@ 73.33 in

**Footing Data**

Toe Width	=	1.75 ft
Heel Width	=	1.25
Total Footing Width	=	3.00
Footing Thickness	=	12.00 in
Key Width	=	0.00 in
Key Depth	=	0.00 in
Key Distance from Toe	=	0.00 ft
f <sub>c</sub> =	2,500 psi	F <sub>y</sub> = 60,000 psi
Footing Concrete Density	=	150.00 pcf
Min. As %	=	0.0018
Cover @ Top	2.00	@ Btm.= 3.00 in

**Footing Design Results**

	Toe	Heel
Factored Pressure	= 1,550	0 psf
Mu' : Upward	= 22,747	24 ft-#
Mu' : Downward	= 4,741	270 ft-#
Mu: Design	= 1,500	246 ft-#
Actual 1-Way Shear	= 10.08	5.06 psi
Allow 1-Way Shear	= 75.00	40.00 psi
Toe Reinforcing	= # 4 @ 9.00 in	
Heel Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Key Reinforcing	= None Spec'd	
Footing Torsion, Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs
Footing Allow. Torsion, phi Tu	=	0.00 ft-lbs

**If torsion exceeds allowable, provide supplemental design for footing torsion.**

**Other Acceptable Sizes & Spacings**

Toe: #4@ 9.25 in, #5@ 14.35 in, #6@ 20.37 in, #7@ 27.77 in, #8@ 36.57 in, #9@ 46  
 Heel: phiMn = phi'5'lambda'sqrt(fc)'Sm  
 Key: No key defined

Min footing T&S reinf Area	0.78	in <sup>2</sup>
Min footing T&S reinf Area per foot	0.26	in <sup>2</sup> /ft
If one layer of horizontal bars:		If two layers of horizontal bars:
#4@ 9.26 in		#4@ 18.52 in
#5@ 14.35 in		#5@ 28.70 in
#6@ 20.37 in		#6@ 40.74 in

**IV-C**

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**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

Code: IBC 2018,ACI 318-14,TMS 402-16

**Summary of Overturning & Resisting Forces & Moments**

Item	.....OVERTURNING.....			.....RESISTING.....			
	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	
HL Act Pres (ab water tbl)	810.0	2.00	1,620.0	Soil Over HL (ab. water tbl)	487.5	2.63	1,279.7
HL Act Pres (be water tbl)				Soil Over HL (bel. water tbl)		2.63	1,279.7
Hydrostatic Force				Watre Table			
Buoyant Force =				Sloped Soil Over Heel =			
Surcharge over Heel =				Surcharge Over Heel =			
Surcharge Over Toe =				Adjacent Footing Load =			
Adjacent Footing Load =				Axial Dead Load on Stem =			
Added Lateral Load =				* Axial Live Load on Stem =			
Load @ Stem Above Soil =				Soil Over Toe =	105.0	0.88	91.9
				Surcharge Over Toe =			
				Stem Weight(s) =	562.5	2.00	1,125.0
				Earth @ Stem Transitions =			
<b>Total</b>	<b>= 810.0</b>	<b>O.T.M. =</b>	<b>1,620.0</b>	Footing Weight =	450.0	1.50	675.0
				Key Weight =			
<b>Resisting/Overturning Ratio</b>		<b>= 1.96</b>		Vert. Component =			
Vertical Loads used for Soil Pressure =		<b>1,605.0 lbs</b>		<b>Total =</b>	<b>1,605.0 lbs</b>	<b>R.M. =</b>	<b>3,171.6</b>

\* Axial live load NOT included in total displayed, or used for overturning resistance, but is included for soil pressure calculation.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Overturning Resistance.

**Tilt**

**Horizontal Deflection at Top of Wall due to settlement of soil**

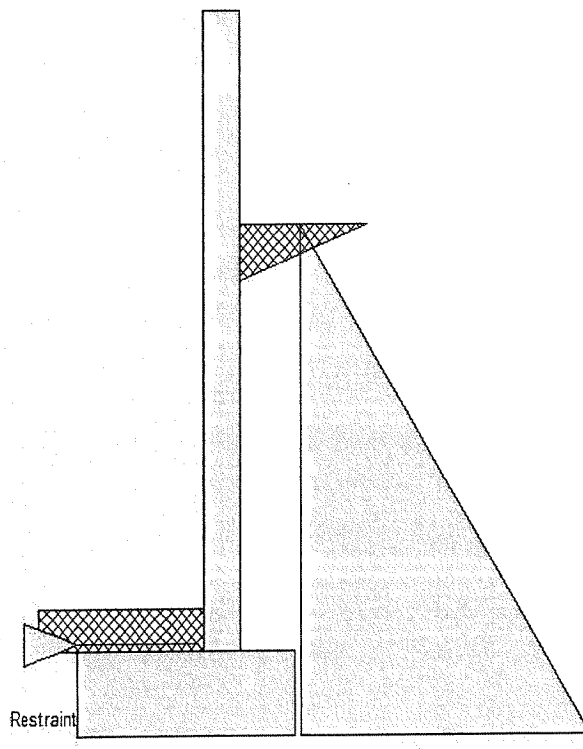
(Deflection due to wall bending not considered)

Soil Spring Reaction Modulus 250.0 pci  
 Horizontal Defl @ Top of Wall (approximate only) 0.077 in

The above calculation is not valid if the heel soil bearing pressure exceeds that of the toe, because the wall would then tend to rotate into the retained soil.

IV-D

POOL WALL ALONG SOUTH SIDE



810#

1106.85psf

6'-0" DC MAX.  
FIN FIVE - O.K.  
ALONG POOL WALL  
SOUTH SIDE

Hydrostatic Force

Lateral earth pressure due to the soil BELOW water table

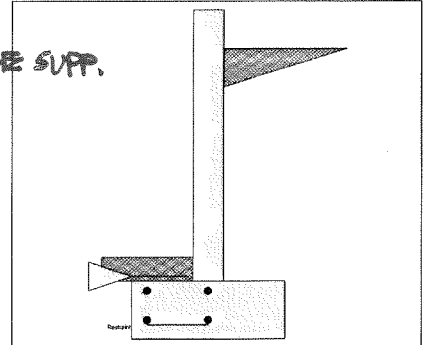
**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

**Criteria**

Retained Height	=	4.00 ft
Wall height above soil	=	0.67 ft
Slope Behind Wall	=	0.00
Height of Soil over Toe	=	5.00 in
Water height over heel	=	0.0 ft

**Soil Data**

Allow Soil Bearing	=	2,000.0 psf	PILE SUPP.
Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method			
Active Heel Pressure	=	45.0 psf/ft	
	=		
Passive Pressure	=	150.0 psf/ft	
Soil Density, Heel	=	130.00 pcf	
Soil Density, Toe	=	145.00 pcf	
Footings  Soil Friction	=	0.450	
Soil height to ignore for passive pressure	=	12.00 in	



**Surcharge Loads**

Surcharge Over Heel	=	0.0 psf
NOT Used To Resist Sliding & Overturning		
Surcharge Over Toe	=	0.0
NOT Used for Sliding & Overturning		

**Axial Load Applied to Stem**

Axial Dead Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Live Load	=	0.0 lbs
Axial Load Eccentricity	=	0.0 in

**Design Summary**

**Wall Stability Ratios**

Overturning	=	2.11 OK
Slab Resists All Sliding !		

Total Bearing Load	=	1,306 lbs
...resultant ecc.	=	5.45 in

Soil Pressure @ Toe	=	1,094 psf OK
Soil Pressure @ Heel	=	0 psf OK
Allowable	=	2,000 psf
Soil Pressure Less Than Allowable		

ACI Factored @ Toe	=	1,531 psf
ACI Factored @ Heel	=	0 psf
Footing Shear @ Toe	=	3.3 psi OK
Footing Shear @ Heel	=	4.6 psi OK
Allowable	=	75.0 psi

**Sliding Calcs**

Lateral Sliding Force	=	562.5 lbs
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Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of soil bearing

**Load Factors**

Building Code	IBC 2018, ACI
Dead Load	1.200
Live Load	1.600
Earth, H	1.600
Wind, W	1.000
Seismic, E	1.000

**Lateral Load Applied to Stem**

Lateral Load	=	0.0 #/ft
...Height to Top	=	0.00 ft
...Height to Bottom	=	0.00 ft
Load Type	=	Wind (W) (Service Level)
Wind on Exposed Stem	=	0.0 psf (Service Level)

**Adjacent Footing Load**

Adjacent Footing Load	=	0.0 lbs
Footing Width	=	0.00 ft
Eccentricity	=	0.00 in
Wall to Ftg CL Dist	=	0.00 ft
Footing Type	Line Load	
Base Above/Below Soil	=	0.0 ft
at Back of Wall		
Poisson's Ratio	=	0.300

**Stem Construction**

Design Height Above Ftg	ft =	0.00
Wall Material Above "Ht"	=	Concrete
Design Method	=	LRFD
Thickness	=	6.00
Rebar Size	=	# 4
Rebar Spacing	=	12.00
Rebar Placed at	=	Center

**Design Data**

fb/FB + fa/Fa	=	0.308
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**Total Force @ Section**

Service Level	lbs =	
Strength Level	lbs =	576.0

**Moment....Actual**

Service Level	ft-# =	
Strength Level	ft-# =	768.0

Moment.....Allowable	=	2,487.6
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**Shear.....Actual**

Service Level	psi =	
Strength Level	psi =	16.0

Shear.....Allowable	psi =	75.0
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Anet (Masonry)	in2 =	
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Rebar Depth 'd'	in =	3.00
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**Masonry Data**

f <sub>m</sub>	psi =	
F <sub>s</sub>	psi =	

Solid Grouting	=	
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Modular Ratio 'n'	=	
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Wall Weight	psf =	75.0
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Short Term Factor	=	
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Equiv. Solid Thick.	=	
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Masonry Block Type	=	Medium Weight
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Masonry Design Method	=	ASD
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**Concrete Data**

f <sub>c</sub>	psi =	2,500.0
F <sub>y</sub>	psi =	60,000.0





**Concrete Stem Rebar Area Details**

Bottom Stem	Vertical Reinforcing	Horizontal Reinforcing	
As (based on applied moment) :	0.0637 in2/ft		
(4/3) * As :	0.0849 in2/ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area 0.672 in2	
200bd/fy : 200(12)(3)/60000 :	0.12 in2/ft	Min Stem T&S Reinf Area per ft of stem Height : 0.144 in2/ft	
0.0018bh : 0.0018(12)(6) :	0.1296 in2/ft	Horizontal Reinforcing Options :	
	=====	One layer of :	Two layers of :
Required Area :	0.1296 in2/ft	#4@ 16.67 in	#4@ 33.33 in
Provided Area :	0.2 in2/ft	#5@ 25.83 in	#5@ 51.67 in
Maximum Area :	0.4064 in2/ft	#6@ 36.67 in	#6@ 73.33 in

**Footing Data**

Toe Width	=	1.00 ft
Heel Width	=	1.50
Total Footing Width	=	2.50
Footing Thickness	=	12.00 in
Key Width	=	0.00 in
Key Depth	=	0.00 in
Key Distance from Toe	=	0.00 ft
f'c =	2,500 psi	Fy = 60,000 psi
Footing Concrete Density	=	150.00 pcf
Min. As %	=	0.0018
Cover @ Top	2.00	@ Btm = 3.00 in

**Footing Design Results**

		<u>Toe</u>	<u>Heel</u>
Factored Pressure	=	1,531	0 psf
Mu' : Upward	=	7,904	75 ft-#
Mu' : Downward	=	1,470	402 ft-#
Mu: Design	=	536	327 ft-#
Actual 1-Way Shear	=	3.35	4.59 psi
Allow 1-Way Shear	=	75.00	40.00 psi
Toe Reinforcing	=	# 4 @ 9.00 in	
Heel Reinforcing	=	None Spec'd	
Key Reinforcing	=	None Spec'd	
Footing Torsion, Tu	=		0.00 ft-lbs
Footing Allow. Torsion, phi Tu	=		0.00 ft-lbs

**If torsion exceeds allowable, provide supplemental design for footing torsion.**

**Other Acceptable Sizes & Spacings**

Toe: #4@ 9.25 in, #5@ 14.35 in, #6@ 20.37 in, #7@ 27.77 in, #8@ 36.57 in, #9@ 46  
 Heel: phiMn = phi'5'lambda'sqrt(fc)'Sm  
 Key: No key defined

Min footing T&S reinf Area	0.65	in2
Min footing T&S reinf Area per foot	0.26	in2 /ft
If one layer of horizontal bars:		If two layers of horizontal bars:
#4@ 9.26 in		#4@ 18.52 in
#5@ 14.35 in		#5@ 28.70 in
#6@ 20.37 in		#6@ 40.74 in

V-C

**Cantilevered Retaining Wall**

**Summary of Overturning & Resisting Forces & Moments**

Item	.....OVERTURNING.....			.....RESISTING.....			
	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	Force lbs	Distance ft	Moment ft-#	
HL Act Pres (ab water tbl)	562.5	1.67	937.5	Soil Over HL (ab. water tbl)	520.0	2.00	1,040.0
HL Act Pres (be water tbl)				Soil Over HL (bel. water tbl)		2.00	1,040.0
Hydrostatic Force				Watre Table			
Buoyant Force =				Sloped Soil Over Heel =			
Surcharge over Heel =				Surcharge Over Heel =			
Surcharge Over Toe =				Adjacent Footing Load =			
Adjacent Footing Load =				Axial Dead Load on Stem =			
Added Lateral Load =				* Axial Live Load on Stem =			
Load @ Stem Above Soil =				Soil Over Toe =	60.4	0.50	30.2
=				Surcharge Over Toe =			
				Stem Weight(s) =	350.3	1.25	437.8
				Earth @ Stem Transitions =			
<b>Total</b>	<b>= 562.5</b>	<b>O.T.M. =</b>	<b>937.5</b>	Footing Weighl =	375.0	1.25	468.8
				Key Weight =			
				Vert. Component =			
<b>Resisting/Overturning Ratio</b>		<b>= 2.11</b>		<b>Total =</b>	<b>1,305.7 lbs</b>	<b>R.M.=</b>	<b>1,976.8</b>
Vertical Loads used for Soil Pressure =		1,305.7 lbs		* Axial live load NOT included in total displayed, or used for overturning resistance, but is included for soil pressure calculation.			

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS NOT considered in the calculation of Overturning Resistance.

**Tilt**

**Horizontal Deflection at Top of Wall due to settlement of soil**

(Deflection due to wall bending not considered)

Soil Spring Reaction Modulus 250.0 pci  
 Horizontal Defl @ Top of Wall (approximate only) 0.057 in

The above calculation is not valid if the heel soil bearing pressure exceeds that of the toe, because the wall would then tend to rotate into the retained soil.